SUBSCRIPTION TERMS, &c.

The INQUIRER is published every FRIDAY morning at the following rates:

ONE YEAR, (in advance,) $2.00
" (if not paid within six mos.)... $2.50
" (if not paid within the year,)... $3.00

All papers outside of the county discontinued without notice, at the expiration of the time for which the subscription has been paid.

Single copies of the paper furnished, in wrappers, at five cents each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention, favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office should be addressed to

DURBORROW & LUTZ, BEDFORD, PA.

Professional & Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

JOHN T. KEAGY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
☞ Office opposite Reed & Schell's Bank. Counsel given in English and German. [ap126]

KIMMELL AND LINGENFELTER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law Office on Juliana Street, two doors South of the Mengel House. [April 1, 1864-tf

M. A. POINTS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the public. Office with J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., on Juliana street.
☞ Collections promptly made. [Dec. 9, '64-tf.

HAYES IRVINE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business intrusted to his care. Office with G. H. Spang, Esq., on Juliana street, three doors south of the Mengel House. May 24:1y

ESPY M. ALSIP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,
Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, Pensions, back pay, Bounty, &c. speedily collected. Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, 2 doors south of the Mengel House. apl 1, 1864.—tf.

D. F. MEYERS.....J. W. DICKERSON
MEYERS & DICKERSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.,
Office nearly opposite the Mengel House, will practice in the several Courts of Bedford county. Pensions, bounties and back pay obtained and the purchase of Real Estate attended to. [may11,'66-1y

J. B. CESSNA,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with JOHN CESSNA, on the square near the Presbyterian Church. All business entrusted to his care will receive faithful and prompt attention. Military Claims, Pensions, &c., speedily collected. [June 9, 1865.

E. B. STUCKEY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, and REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office on Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth, Opposite the Court House,
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.
Will practice in the adjoining Counties of Missouri and Kansas. July 12:tf

S. L. RUSSELL.....J. H. LONGENECKER
RUSSELL & LONGENECKER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Bedford, Pa.,
Will attend promptly and faithfully to all business entrusted to their care. Special attention given to collections and the prosecution of claims for Back Pay, Bounty, Pensions, &c.
☞ Office on Juliana street, south of the Court House. April5:1yr.

J. M'D. SHARPE.....E. F. KERR
SHARPE & KERR,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Will practice in the Courts of Bedford and adjoining counties. All business entrusted to their care will receive careful and prompt attention. Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., speedily collected from the Government.
Office on Juliana street, opposite the banking house of Reed & Schell, Bedford, Pa. mar2:tf

J. R. DURBORROW.....JOHN LUTZ.
DURBORROW & LUTZ,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.,
Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.
They are, also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.
Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House" and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office. April 28, 1865:tf.

PHYSICIANS.

WM. W. JAMISON, M. D.,
BLOODY RUN, PA.,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. [dec6:1yr

DR. B. F. HARRY,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffus. [Ap'l 1,64.

J. L. MARBOURG, M. D.,
Having permanently located respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office on Juliana street, opposite the Bank, one door north of Hall & Palmer's office. April 1, 1864—tf.

DR. S. G. STATLER, near Schellsburg, and Dr. J. J. CLARKE, formerly of Cumberland county, having associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, respectfully offer their professional services to the citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. Dr. Clarke's office and residence same as formerly occupied by J. White, Esq., dec'd.
S. G. STATLER,
Schellsburg, April12:1y. J. J. CLARKE.

HOTELS.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.
This large and commodious house, having been re-taken by the subscriber, is now open for the reception of visitors and boarders. The rooms are large, well ventilated, and comfortably furnished. The table will always be supplied with the best the market can afford. The Bar is stocked with the choicest liquors. In short, it is my purpose to keep a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Thanking the public for past favors, I respectfully solicit a renewal of their patronage.
N. B. Hacks will run constantly between the Hotel and the Springs.
may17,'67:1y WM. DIBERT, Prop'r.

MORRISON HOUSE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
I have purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the travelling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House.
may25:tf JOSEPH MORRISON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RUPP & SHANNON, BANKERS,
BEDFORD, PA.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
Collections made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. feb22

DANIEL BORDER,
PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.
WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.
He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand. [apr.28,'65.

OYES! O YES!—The undersigned has taken out auction license, and tenders his services to all who have sales or auctions to cry. Give him a call. Post Office address, Spring Meadows, Bedford county, Penn'a.
April6:6m* HENRY B. MOCK.

Bedford Inquirer.

A LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, EDUCATION, LITERATURE AND MORALS.

DURBORROW & LUTZ Editors and Proprietors. BEDFORD, Pa., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1867. VOLUME 40: NO. 39.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

All advertisements for less than 3 months 10 cents per line for each insertion. Special notices onehalf additional. All resolutions of Association, communications of a limited or individual interest and notices of marriages and deaths, exceeding five lines, 10 cts. per line. All legal notices of every kind, and all Orphans' Court and other Judicial sales, are required by law to be published in both papers. Editorial Notices 15 cents per line. All Advertising due after first insertion. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year
One square	$ 4.50	$ 6.00	$10.00
Two squares	6.00	9.00	16.00
Three squres	8.00	12.00	20.00
One-fourth column	14.00	20.00	35.00
Half column	18.00	25.00	45.00
One column	30.00	45.00	80.00

Poetry.

From the Atlantic Monthly.

THE NIGHTINGALE IN THE STUDY.

"Come forth!" my cat-bird calls to me,
"And hear me sing a cavatina,
That, in this old familiar tree,
Shall hang a garden of Alcina.

"These buttercups shall brim with wine
Beyond all Lesbian juice or Massic;
May not New England be divine?
My ode to ripening Summer, classic?

"Or, if to me you will not hark,
By Beaver Brook a thrush is ringing,
Till all the alder coverts dark
Seem sunshine dappled with his singing.

"Come out beneath the unmastered sky,
With its emancipating spaces,
And learn to sing as well as I,
Unspoiled by meditated graces.

"What boot you many volumed gains,
Those withered leaves forever turning,
To win, at best, for all your pains,
A nature mummy wraped in learning?

"The leaves wherein true wisdom lies
On living trees the sun are drinking,
Those white clouds drowsing through the skies
Grew not so beautiful by thinking.

"Come out with me the oriole cries,
Escape the demon that pursues you!
And, hark, the cuckoo weather wise,
Still hiding, further onward wooes you."

"Ah, dear old friend, that, all my days
Hast poured from that syringa thicket
The quaintly discontinuous lays
To which I hold a season ticket.

"A season ticket cheaply bought
With a dessert of pilfered berries;
And who so oft my soul hast caught,
With morn and evening voluntaries.

"Deem me not faithless, if all day
Among my dusty books I linger,
Nor am, like thee, June's pipe to play
With fancy led, half conscious finger.

AUTUMN.

No sound but the beach nuts falling
Through the green and the yellow leaves,
And the rainy west wind calling
The swallows from the eaves:
No fading trees are shedding
Their golden splendor yet;
But a sunset gleam is spreading,
That seems like a regret.

And the crimson breasted birdie
Sings his sweetest funeral hymn
On the oak tree grim and sturdy
In the twilight gathering dim.
Death comes to pomp and glory;
They fade—the sunny hours.
And races old in story
Pass like the summer hours.

Political.

THE CRISIS.

We are in the midst of a crisis, on the event of which depend the future peace and prosperity of the nation. Hardened by the fierce vicissitudes of the last six years, we look on apathetically while the republican institutions in which we glory are endangered, and we watch with languid curiosity a condition of affairs which, ten years since, would have convulsed the whole country with the wildest agitation. The co-ordinate branches of our Government are at variance. By a fatal error, the National Legislature has left the field, for the time, in the power of the Executive, and a faithless President is making the most of the opportunity. The laws of the land are left unexecuted, or are boldly set aside at the despotic will of a single man, who, blinded by ambition, and surrounded by such satellites as Binckley, Jeremiah Black, and Montgomery Blair, seeks to convert representative government into a dictatorship, and who scarcely veils his purpose to rule or ruin. Eager to reap the full benefit of his apostasy, the Democratic party is straining every nerve to get once more into power, that it may renew its old alliance with Southern rebels, and reconstruct the Union as nearly after the old pattern as is possible. All the burdens left as by the war are skilfully taken advantage of to persuade the unthinking that Democratic rule alone can restore the blessings of light taxes, low prices, and specie currency. Every local question is turned to account, where passion or prejudice can be worked upon. Every art, which the furious lust of power and of the spoils of office can suggest, is eagerly put in practice to gain votes on specious pretexts. The results we see in Maine and California.

What, then, are we doing in this perilous conjuncture? Exhausted by the labors and the sacrifices of the last six years, serenely confident in the justice of our cause and the triumph of our arms, we supinely wait to see power pass into the hands of the enemies of our great cause, that they may nullify all the results of our triumph. Petty local questions, of infinitesimal importance, are sufficient to divert us from considering the overwhelming issues at stake. We pause to think whether an individual is all that we would have him to be, before we can bring ourselves to vote for him, when that individual is as nothing himself, and we should only look upon him, whether worthy or unworthy, as personifying, for the moment, the great principles for which we have willingly sacrificed half a million of lives and countless millions of money. In these supreme crises of a nation's fate, individuals are nothing but the instruments with which we work; and a bad instrument, used to a good end, may be a thousand times preferable to a good instrument used to a bad end. Let not apathy or passing disgust paralyze us in the hour of our triumph, until the fruits of success turn to ashes on our lips.

For let us calmly consider what it is that lies before us in the immediate future. We have a Congress which has been gallantly struggling for a double purpose—to secure the results of the war in a durable peace and permanent unification of the country, and, at the same time, to preserve the legislative power of the people through their chosen representatives. On the other hand we have a President whose native subserviency to the old oligarchic and rebel element of the South has led him to quarrel with the party which placed him in power; whose violent passions and narrow mind have made him the tool of adroit and reckless schemers; who gathers around him, by a natural affinity, the worst elements from every section; and whose temper, inflamed by the opposition of Congress to his will, is evidently prepared to commit any action which would give him a temporary advantage over his antagonists, at the cost of plunging the whole country into confusion.

These differences between the Executive and the Legislature, involving not only the policy of the country, but the fundamental structure of its government, are rapidly approaching a crisis. Twelve months since, Mr. Johnson contented himself with stigmatizing Congress as a body "hanging upon the verge of the government." Six months ago, when vetoed bills were passed by the constitutional two-thirds, he pledged himself to carry them into execution. Now, he is no longer content with nullifying the laws by indirection and by sophistically arguing away their plain intent and purpose, but he boldly sets them at naught, and exercises powers which have been specifically withheld from him. Congress has earnestly sought to avoid the issue which he is forcing upon us, but no ingenuity can longer delay it. Mr. Johnson and his Democratic and rebel allies see this and are prepared for it. Already his friends are circulating mysterious whispers of a *coup d'etat;* his leading organ of the press presumes to doubt whether the Fortieth Congress will ever re-assemble; the air is thick with threatening rumors; the gold-market, that sensitive barometer, presages the coming storm; stagnation in trade shows how deeply men's minds are moved by the fearful eventualities of the next three months. What is needed to realize the worst of these forebodings? Only Democratic success in the fall elections!

If the ever-loyal city of Philadelphia, the rock against which the tempests of rebellious Democracy have spent their force in vain, should prove recreant to her well-earned glory—if the great State of Pennsylvania should belie her splendid record—what fearful encouragement would it not give to the miserable band who are plotting scheming for the overthrow of our institutions? Pennsylvania is again the battle ground of the Union, and not at Getsysburg were the lines more closely drawn or the issues more distinctly balanced. As Meade and Lee then led the opposing armies, so now are Williams and Sharswood, Thayer and Ludlow, Cowell and Lyle the leaders of their respective parties. In such a contest, for ends so momentous, personal preferences are as naught. The man disappears in the cause, and the country claims the devotion of every citizen at the ballot-box, as she once claimed his services in the field.

Should we, through fatal apathy and shortsightedness, permit the enemy to carry Pennsylvania, what hopes can we have of New York and New Jersey? Our example would be contagious, and we may well look forward with unaffected dread at the results if the great Middle States should appear to rally to the support of Johnsonism. Who can predict the mad career of a President thus encouraged by the apparent applause of the people—of a President who has so obstinately misused and transcended his powers even when the adverse verdicts of election after election have warned him to desist? Intoxicated with success, there is scarcely a crime against the State which may not in advance be imputed to him on the testimony of his own adherents.

Even should Heaven avert from us these unimaginable evils which we should have invited, hardly less disastrous would be the result upon the settlement of all the great questions arising from the war. Congress is the representative of the people; politicians there are in it, quick to discern and apt to magnify the evidences of apprehended popular reaction. Supported by the people, Congress has bravely withstood the assaults of the Executive, and has laid the foundations of reconstruction based upon broad and enduring principles. Abandoned by the people, the moral force of Congress would be gone. Doubt and indecision would take the place of firmness and well considered action. Every rebel would spurn anew the idea of submission. Every hostile element would unite for co-operation. Anticipated triumph would draw around them the venal, the unprincipled, and the thoughtless, and with aggregated strength they would control the position. Forcing their way into Congress, all possibilities of evil would be open to them. Assumption of the Confederate debt, repudiation of the national obligations, free trade, desperate tinkering with the finances, slavery revived under guise of peonage—such would be the programme before us, and it is worse than useless to shut our eyes to its probability when a change in a little over one per cent. of the voters in Pennsylvania and New York would give the prestige of success to those whose principles and whose policy would bring about such a catastrophe.

It matters little to us as citizens which of two eminent jurists shall sit upon the bench. It is absolutely unimportant to us which of two men, both equally indifferent to us individually, shall collect the fees of the Sheriff's office or shall draw the salary of the City Treasurer. But by the sport of circumstances, questions of the highest significance that can effect the existence of a great people underlie these local and trivial issues. When Pennsylvania speaks, her voice is heard throughout the nation; and when she speaks in October, it will not be merely to decide as to the incumbents of local offices. It is Andrew Johnson who is upon trial, and it is her voice which will then pronounce the verdict.

WHO IS BINCKLEY?

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* gives a rapid sketch of the "coming man," Binckley, which seems likely enough to be correct. He says:

The following is a brief record of this man whom the President has selected to do his work: Within ten years he has successively failed here as a portrait painter, the projector of a literary magazine, land office clerk, land officer, attorney and defender of blockade-runners, doctor, clerk in law office, "local" on the *Chronicle*, editor of the *Intelligencer*, squatter on abandoned rebel plantations in Virginia, editorial writer for a New York daily, the editor of which, on receiving his first articles, refused them and wrote to ascertain if the man was crazy. Last of all he turned up in Mr. Stanbery's office and took his seat in the Cabinet on the day Mr. Stanton left.

What a change in the history of the Republic, when such a man as this is entrusted with the charge of attacking illustrious Union generals! Oh, the times! oh the manners! when our internal political theories, on which the action of the nation is based, come from the Binckleys and the Brownings, and our foreign affairs are regulated by the McCrackens and McGinnises! Semmes, Mobile, charges such brave and high-minded soldiers as Ord and Schofield with villainy and fraud, and Binckley, at Washington from the vantage ground of the Cabinet, takes up the refrain against Pope, Sickles, and Sheridan.—*Army and Navy Journal.*

MR. JOHNSON'S TREACHERY.

Interesting Statement of Hon. M. D. Kelley.

In a speech in Cincinnati last week, Hon. Wm. D. Kelley, of this State, spoke as follows:

My fellow-citizens, had Andrew Johnson been a true man, and not a tricky demagogue; had he been a patriot, and not a traitor, the Union would have been reconstructed, and the seats of Congress would have been filled ere this, and we would have been prepared to engage in discussing questions of banking, of tariff, and all the various concerns that relate to our daily life. But these are not the main questions to-day. We are to settle in the coming October elections in your State and in mine, and in New York, whether Grant surrendered to Lee and Sherman to Joe Johnston, or whether the Stars and Stripes were the emblem of the victorious army at the close of the last war. Believing in the patriotism of Mr. Johnson, I hastened to Washington immediately after the death of Abraham Lincoln and while yet Mr. Johnson was residing under the hospitable roof of the Hon Samuel Hooper, of Boston, holding his executive sessions in a room of the Treasury building, ere the widow of our late lamented President had left the White House, and there, with a patriotic gentleman from Arkansas—a man who, though he had fallen into the rebellion soon dropped out, and had devoted his energies to promoting the Union cause, and I had a full and free conversation with Mr. Johnson. He then rejoiced that eight months would elapse, or nearly eight, before Congress would be called together. "In the meantime," said he, "I, as President, have nothing to do but hold that territory under military government, and see by the power of the army that the Union men, whether black or white, and the American citizen, whether of Northern or Southern birth, shall enjoy life in safety in all the conquered country. It is well that so much time must elapse," said he, "before Congress come together, for the establishment of governments over that country belongs to Congress, and in eight months the people of the two sections, intermingling with each other freely, will come to understand each other better than they ever hate done, and we will all get to understand the colored people better than we do, and to know how far it would be safe to invest them with political power." I was rejoiced to hear such assurances as these. The President did me the honor to say that he spoke freely to me, because he wanted the people to understand that these were his views, and he thought I had opportunities for making them known. I had seen Hon. Charles Sumner the night before, and he told me that in a conversation which he had with the President that day, Mr. Johnson had made a similar statement to him. Said Mr. Sumner: "Providence seems to have taken care of us and to have inspired Mr. Johnson with the truth beyond the measure in which I was permitted to hope he possessed it. He takes the view that will make the North safe for the present, and ultimately give us a harmonious country." As I left the executive room having gone thither at Mr. Johnson's request from Mr. Hooper's house, he saying to General Grant, for he was with me: "The time has come when I must be in the executive room. Our conversation is not finished. Go over; and here is my card to the messenger. Be in the room awaiting me, that we may conclude it there." As I left the room, to which I had been thus confidently introduced by him, I met Gen. Carl Schurz, fresh from Gen. Sherman's army in North Carolina, with his stars bright on his shoulders, and the dust from Sherman's grand march to the sea yet upon his war-worn uniform. After the close of this interview—I met him but for a moment—said he: "The President is all right if he don't talk a little too strongly." Said he: "I am afraid he doth protest too much, and the very vehemence of his protestations makes me fear the fidelity of his statements." I met him the next day in Philadelphia, and in the presence of a gentleman in the Union League building, Gen. Schurz and I compared notes and found that Andrew Johnson had talked to him as to me, and to both as to Charles Sumner. A few days afterward I met General Steward L. Woodford and General Littlefield, the one fresh from the command of the City of Charleston, and the other from the City of Savannah, Georgia, and I learned from one of them that he had heard from a Georgia gentleman, who had been with the President and had an interview with him, that it was his purpose to overthrow the Radical Party and re-organize the National Democratic Party. And, said General Woodford, naming some gentlemen from Charleston, South Carolina, prominent rebels, "that is the statement Mr. Johnson has given to each and all of the them, each separate and apart from the others." Just think of it! Talking to prominent Union men of the North—men whose voices could be heard—men in whom some portion of the people of the North confided—begging them, Radicals as they were, to go out and indorse him and proclaim him in harmony with the North, while negotiating with the bloodiest handed rebels of the South to overthrow the party that had maintained the Union, and to build up the party that had brought on the war. I watched him for a little while, and what did I learn? Why, that he rejoiced that there were eight months before Congress assembled, that he might assume the powers of a dictator, and organize governments to suit himself over the eleven States in rebellion—that he should take the legislative power of the country into his hands, and say to the people dwelling upon 800,000 square miles of American territory, "You shall have constitutions, provided you make them to meet the wishes of King Andrew the First."

WARNINGS.

Maryland, though not very wise herself, teaches the people of other States a lesson which they may study with advantage. It demonstrates very clearly how easily constitutions formed by unequivocally loyal men can be overthrown, when the rebel element so largely abounding in the Southern States is infused into the politices of the country. As the case has yet to occur in which their will to do mischief in political affairs has fallen short of their ability, it is evident that time would insure the wildest and most destructive results. It is the large number of rebels returned to their homes who have revolutionized that border State, and who have made it a sort of South Carolina with mutterings of a Sumter too at no distant day, should Pennsylvania in the coming election forget her pristine patriotism and bravery.

Kentucky, too, is an instructor as well as beacon to loyal men. The first work that rebels in that grand but unfortunate border State accomplish on their return from the rebellion is to undo what these true men did in their absence, And we are warned of the absolute necessity for energy and unity among loyal men by co-operation of the Democracy with the rebel element in overturning just laws and constitutions. That co-operation is, of course, more effective and therefore more to be feared now than while the stern realities of war interposed between these separated friends. But the issues are the same and the sympathies the same that they have been for seven years, in war and peace, under the arbitrament of arms and of votes. And there is the same reason why true men should "vote as they shot" this year that there was last.

The same proclivity appears also in Virginia, as in Maryland and Kentucky. Every nerve is set and held to its utmost tension, in order to accomplish the same results. And our Democrats, true to their pernicious instinct and habit, give to the rebel element in Virginia their sympathy and approval, while the Virginia politicians of the secession school return the compliment by screaming against Congress and the Republican party.

The warning given to loyal men by all these concurrent operations is too plain and emphatic to be ineffectual. These facts show them, more plainly than any words that we can utter, that the old political antagonism is unchanged, and that the rebels of past years are in earnest to effect what they failed to effect by war—the control, if not the overthrow, of the Union; and that the Democracy are participants in the same game. By their junction and with the President set—rather awry, it is true—on the shoulders of both, as their head, they hope for success. It is for Republican Union men of Pennsylvania and Ohio to defeat their hopes. That done, Mr. Johnson's headship of the coalition would not continue a day. If we fail to do it, we place a crown on the head and an iron scepter in the hand of treason, and pour contempt on all the principled heroism of the war.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle.*

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS

Adopted by the Union League of Philadelphia, In General Meeting, Sept. 18, 1867.

WHEREAS, This League was organized for the purpose of sustaining the National Government, and the measures adopted by its authority for the suppression of the rebellion, and of discountenancing by all proper means and influences that disloyal spirit which was in sympathy with slavery and treason, and animated all the conventions and councils of the Democratic party.

AND WHEREAS, The efforts of the Democratic party, now led by a week and faithless man in the accidental exercise of the Presidential office, to keep alive the spirit of rebellion by a war upon Congress, by the nullification of the laws, by insidious attacks upon the public credit and by their apparent sympathy with prominent traitors, prove that the work of loyalty is not yet accomplished, and admonish us of serious dangers to the public peace, which would be greatly enhanced by the success of that party in the popular elections now at hand.

1. *Therefore Resolved*, That we do most earnestly invoke the loyal citizens of Pennsylvania to a serious consideration of our present political condition, and to the importance of a united and vigorous effort to hasten the reconstruction of the Union, and tranquilize the country by the defeat of the Democratic party and all its candidates at the approaching election.

2. That the laws passed by Congress having for their object the reconstruction of the Union on the basis of liberty and justice to all men, reflecting as they do the loyal sentiment of the country, offer to the people of the South the most favorable terms, upon which they can reasonably hope to be reinvested with the rights they voluntarily relinquished, in their mad attempt to destroy the government which conferred them.

3. That the public acts of Congress under the Constitution are the supreme laws of the land; that it is no less the duty of the President to see that they are faithfully executed, than it is of the people to obey them; that whether those laws relate to the reconstruction of the Union or to the other subjects, every attempt of the President to frustrate or delay the execution of them, is a violation of his trust and an abuse of the power of his office.

4. Resved, *That impeachment is the sole defence of the people against the incapacity, negligence, or perfidy of the Chief Magistrate.*—MADISON.

That with a view to the exercise of the power of impeachment, the House of Representatives have a right to investigate the conduct of all public officers under the Government, and in such a case, THE SAFETY OF THE REPUBLIC IS THE SUPREME LAW; *and the power of the House in pursuit of this object, reaches the most secret recesses of the Executive department.*—JAMES K. POLK.

That the abuse of power conferred upon the President may be as criminal as the usurpation of power which has not been granted, and would justify the House of Representatives in voting an impeachment.—JAMES BUCHANAN.

That a wanton removal of meritorious officers by the President is an abuse of power which subjects him to impeachment and removal from his own high trust.—MADISON.

5. Resolved, That the prompt and indiscriminate pardon of persons duly convicted and sentenced in the courts of the United States, for counterfeiting the National currency;

The attempt to nullify the act passed by Congress over the executive veto, for the reconstruction of the Union;

The suspension of Edwin M. Stanton from the office of Secretary of War, the duties of which he had performed not only with fidelity to the country, but with distinguished ability;

The removal of Gen. Sheridan, an accomplished and illustrious officer, from his command, at the instance of prominent traitors whom he had offended by his faithful execution of the laws;

And the recent proclamation of amnesty, issued as we believe without authority, and for the purpose of restoring to influence and power persons who incited the South to rebellion, and who are yet under an oath of allegiance to a government unknown to the constitution, which they hope to re-establish, are acts which constitute *prima facia*, such abuses and usurpations of power, as to demand the impeachment and trial of the offender, in order that the constitution may be vindicated and the National Government preserved in its integrity.

6. That in the present alarming crisis of the country, we conceive it to be our duty to use all proper means to exclude the political influence and patronage of the Democratic party from all offices within the gift of the people, and to that end we appeal to the loyal citizens of Philadelphia and of the Commonwealth, to attend the polls at the approaching election, and cast their votes for the candidates presented by the Republican nominating conventions.

7. Resolved, That we do most especially and earnestly recommend the election of HENRY W. WILLLIAMS, of Pittsburgh, to the Bench of the Supreme Court as a learned and accomplished jurist and a truly upright and loyal citizen.

And in like manner we recommend to our fellow-citizens of Philadelphia the election of M. RUSSELL THAYER as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas; assuring them that in Mr. Thayer they have a candidate of the highest legal ability and of the purest character, and one whose loyalty is inborn and above suspicion.

8. That a committee of fifteen members of the League be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting to carry into effect the 6th of these resolutions.

PLAIN FACTS FOR TAX-PAYERS.

It should be borne in mind by every tax-payer of the Nation that the enormous burden of debt under which the country is staggering, was fixed upon it by a rebellion inaugurated, fostered and strengthened by the Democratic party.

It should be borne in mind that this debt was enormously increased by the aid and comfort given to the rebellion while in progress, by the Democratic party, whereby the rebels were encouraged to prolong the struggle against the Union armies, after all other reasonable hope of success had been extinguished.

It should be borne in mind that the debt of the Nation was still further increased by the efforts of the Democratic party to cripple and destroy the public credit, in the midst of the struggle for national existence, and that the national bonds were thereby forced to heavy discount in contracting loans with which to carry on the war, and the national currency was thus largely reduced below its true value in gold, thereby adding enormously to the cost of all material purchased for the use of the Government.

It should be borne in mind by every tax-payer of the Nation, that the Democratic party stands pledged to secure compensation to the slave holding rebels for every slave set free by the Emancipation Proclamation and Constitutional Amendment, thus adding an immense and unjust burden to the already onerous taxation under which the country groans.

It should be borne in mind, that all the Democratic members in the House of the Fortieth Congress, have placed themselves upon record by their votes, in favor of the monstrous proposition that the National government is liable under the Reconstruction laws, for every dollar of the State debts of all the States in rebellion.

It should be borne in mind by every tax-payer, that the Democratic party, through its orators and writers for the press, is committed to the unheard of proposition that the Confederate war debt, contracted in the iniquitous struggle to overthrow the National Government, is justly chargeable against the Government, and that this party only waits the success of its insidious attempts to regain power, to fasten this debt upon the people of the United States.

It should be borne in mind by every tax-payers, that the Democratic party has made persistent and strenuous efforts to injure both public and private credit, and bring on a financial crisis, such as will make it impossible for the Nation to meet its obligations promptly, thus carrying wide-spread ruin throughout the country, and reducing to beggary thousands of widows and orphans and other worthy persons whose little all is invested in government bonds, for the redemption of which the faith of the Nation is pledged.

It should be borne in mind by every tax-payer that the Democratic party persistently opposes every effort made to lighten the public burden, by levying duties upon foreign imports, thus requiring foreign capitalists and traders who have the benefits of our markets to bear a small share of our burden to return, and at the same time protect our home manufacturers from the deadly competition of foreign capitalists who grow fat upon the proceeds of pauper labor.

And finally it should be borne in mind by every tax-payer, and every patriot who has the good of the country at heart, that the speakers of the Democratic party openly avow that their hope for the success of that party lies only in financial disaster to the country, whether caused by failure of crops, by the discrediting of the national currency, by preventing the Nation from meeting its obligations, or however resulting.

We earnestly hope that every Union paper of Pennsylvania will keep these facts before the people continually, until after the next election shall have rebuked the iniquity of the Democratic party by the largest Republican majority ever given in the State.—*Miners' Journal.*

WHAT THE CONGRESSIONAL PLAN OF RECONSTRUCTION HAS DONE FOR THE SOUTH.

General Sickles made a true and eloquent speech in Washington in response to the serenade given to him by the Grand Army of the Republic, Monday evening. In the course of his speech he made this compact statement of what the Congressional Plan of Reconstruction, under military supervision, has done for the South:

The system of free labor has been inaugurated under military supervision; two millions of bales of cotton were raised in 1866: millions of emancipated slaves have been gradually assimilated with the civil polity of the States where they belonged: tranquility and order have been maintained during the most critical period of transition from the relations of master and slave to the relations of man and man; the relation of political equality [applause] under the guarantees which military occupation afforded for the security of life and property; Northern capital and Northern enterprise have been rebuilding the cities and cultivating the fields restoring the railroads, and navigating the waters constructing bridges, and establishing telegraph lines, re-opening commerce and reviving industry, opening schools and building churches from the Potomac to the Rio Grande. And it has recently been affirmed by authority, than which none can be higher in all the South, that our presence and our measures have saved their public records from destruction and their own civil officers from lawless violence.

THE Cincinnati *Advertiser* in a stirring article, smelling very strongly of copper, said "Every prediction made by our party about the war has been verified." To which the Scioto *Gazette* responds as follows:

"You predicted that the South could secede without a war—but it couldn't!

You say the North could not fight—but it did!

You say one Southerner could whip five Northerners—but he couldn't!

You asserted that we had no power to coerce them—but we had!

You said that we never could conquer them—but we did!

You predicted that a bushel of greenbacks would not buy a dinner—but it will!

You resolved that the war was a failure—but we succeeded!

You asserted that the people of Ohio were opposed to the war, that they would elect the peaceable Vallandigham—but they didn't.

You are now predicting that you will carry this State—but you won't."

JUDGE SHARSWOOD IN SYMPATHY WITH THE REBEL CONGRESS.

From the Richmond Examiner, Jan. 25, 1864.

The following bill, to be entitled "An act to prohibit dealing in the paper currency of the enemy," has passed both Houses of Congress. It originated in the House of Representatives, and was amended in the Senate, by the insertion of the words *italicised* in the first section. The amendment will, of course, be concurred in by the House. The act will, doubtless, receive the approval of the President, and the country will then be relieved of the pernicious effects of a traffic which it is surprising any person professing to be identified with the South should ever have engaged in:

1. *The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact*—That no broker, banker or dealer in exchange, or person concerned in trade as a merchant, or vender of merchandise of any description, or any other person, *except within the lines of the enemy*, shall buy, sell, take, circulate, or in any manner trade in any paper currency of the United States: *Provided*, That the purchase of postage stamps shall not be considered a violation of this act.

2. That any person violating the provisions of this act shall be subject to indictment and prosecution in the Confederate Court holden for the district within which the offense was committed, and shall, upon conviction, forfeit the amount so bought, sold, circulated, or used, or a sum equal thereto; and shall be moreover subject to a fine of not more than twenty thousand dollars, nor less than five hundred, and be imprisoned not less than three months, nor more than three years, at the discretion of said Court; and it shall be the duty of the judge of the several Confederate Courts to give this act specially in charge to the grand jury.

3. That this act shall be construed to apply to any person acting in behalf of the Government of the Confederate States, by special authority of the President, or any of the heads of departments.

Judge Sharswood decided the circulation of Government bonds and money unconstitutional. He therefore stands on the same platform with his Southern brethren. Voters remember this.

THE PEOPLE WARNED.

At a late meeting held in Cincinnati, Senator Thayer, of Nebraska, made the following statements on his own responsibility:

I have recently been in Maryland and the District of Columbia, having left Washington only night before last. While there I took special pains to inform myself in regard to the present purpose of Mr. Johnson, and obtained what I am about to state from reliable authority. *I declare upon my responsibility as a Senator of the United States that to-day Andrew Johnson meditates and designs forcible resistance to the authority of Congress.* I make this statement deliberately, having received it from unquestioned and unquestionable authority. I cannot point out the occasion on which he may attempt to use military force. It may be to prevent the assembling of Congress, or when assembled, if the House of Representatives passes articles of impeachment, or it may be for the purpose of forcing the Southern Senators and Representatives to seats in Congress. The question may be asked, "How can he do such a thing?" You recollect six months ago Governor Swann of Maryland was elected a United States Senator, and that a few weeks afterward he declined, giving grave reasons of State as the cause. It was that Lieut. Gov. Cox of that State could not be trusted for Johnson's purposes. There is to-day a standing army in Maryland, an organized militia force, such as no other State in the Union has, officered mainly by returned Rebels. When the time comes which he looks for, under some pretense, Johnson may declare Maryland and the District of Columbia under martial law, and call upon Governer Swann to bring forth his militia. There is nothing that will deter Johnson from his purpose, except when the issue comes that his courage may fail. I make this statement that the American people may know the danger that threatens their peace and safety. If Pennsylvania and New York give Democratic majorities in the coming elections it will embolden him to carry out his purpose; and I hope that you, the people of Ohio, will be warned in time, and so cast your votes as to rebuke and prevent the mad designs of this bad man who is now acting President of the United States.

"THE NORTHERN DEMOCRACY UNDOUBTEDLY KEEP THE FLAG OF THE REBELLION FLYING."

This is the language of the Charlottsville (Va) *Chronicle*, whose editor was a rebel, but who is anxious to see the South restored to the Union. Complaining of Johnson and the Northern Democracy it speaks in the following emphatic terms:

We have only too clearly defined ideas as to what is calculated to contribute toward relieving the South of its present embarrassing situation; the first is that President Johnson shall keep quiet; the second is that the Northern Democracy shall disband. It is the Northern Democracy that is the occasion and the apology for the continued fusilade of the South after their arms have been laid down for two years. They say they are going to carry Ohio—and what good is that going to do anybody? Can they carry the United States? The Southern States they cannot carry, how many Northern States can they carry? How many? The people seem to us deranged—and as reckless of the sufferings of the South, as they are mad. *So far as words can do it the Northern Democracy undoubtedly keep the flag of the Rebellion flying.* Whether they do or not, they are regarded as so doing by the public sense of the North. The public mind there does not distinguish between them and the South; a Pennsylvania or Vermont farmer *naturally concludes that Mr. Pendleton and General Wise are in sympathy with each other*, and if Mr. Pendleton recommends the repudiation of the national debt, the Pennsylvania or Vermont farmer *believes that the South is already scheming to inflict that

Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1867.

UNION STATE NOMINATION.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

UNION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOHN T. RICHARDS, Fulton County.
JOHN WELLER, Somerset County.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
M. A. POINTS, Bedford Borough.
TREASURER,
JOHN R. JORDAN, Bedford Borough.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM KIRK, St. Clair.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM KARNS, Hopewell.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ADAM ULERY, Middle Woodberry.
AUDITOR,
——— ——— of ——— ———

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

Extract from His Opinion in the Case of Borie vs. Trott.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, *and a legal tender*, IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."—*Copied from the Philadelphia Age of 23d of February, 1864*, where the opinion is published in full.

It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In the same copy of the *Age* is a carefully prepared eulogy of the judge and this opinion, in which is the following:

"Judge SHARSWOOD reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the judge as quite too elevated and etherial for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

FREEMEN AROUSE!

Momentous issues are before you. The peace of our country, the liberties of our people are imperrilled. Awake and to the rescue! The hosts of treason, the allies of the rebels, led by the recreant Johnson are marshalling for the onset. The men who sanctioned the starving of our gallant soldiers at Andersonville and Libby, who rejoiced over our defeats and mourned over our victories are active, vigilant and untiring. They will leave no means untried, no stone untarned by which they may gain a vote in behalf of treason and traitors. They propose to repudiate the national debt, to pronounce Legal tenders unconstitutional, to declare the reconstruction laws void, to pardon traitors and not only restore them to the privileges of citizens, but to exalt them to office over loyal men. They sanctioned the murder of the lamented Lincoln and condemned the execution of the assassins as murder. They have constantly opposed every measure intended to punish traitors and make treason odious. They are now aiding and abetting Andy Johnson in his defiance of Congress and the people, and openly sanction his threats subvert the government and break up the Congress of the people by military force. Encouraged by these acts of Northern Copperheads, there are to-day *twelve thousand rebel soldiers*, armed, equipped and officered, in Maryland ready at a moments notice to assist the traitor Johnson in his mad schemes to subvert our government, take away our liberties and himself rule the country with a rebel tyrant's rod. Such is the programme of Andy Johnson and his rebel and Copperhead co-adjutors. Friends of freedom, lovers of liberty will you can you sit silent and indifferent in such a crisis? Shall the national faith be broken? Shall our debt be repudiated and our bonds declared void? Shall the hard-earned dollars of our industrious laborers with which they hope to buy bread and clothing for their families be pronounced worthless? Shall traitors be pardoned and treason rewarded? Shall the fruits of victory be lost in the hour of triumph by your indifference? Shall our free government bought by the sacrifices of our fore-fathers and preserved by the blood of our-fathers, sons, and brothers be given up without a struggle? Shall the enfranchised be remanded to slavery and the manacles of the bondmen be forged again? Shall the liberties bought at so fearful a price of blood and treasure be endangered by lethargy and indifference now? If not, arouse and gird yourself for the struggle. But a few brief hours remain, but in them all may be saved or lost. Let no moment be lost. From this day until the polls close on the 8th of October, let every man, who loves his country and prizes her glorious liberty and her free institutions, labor unceasingly in season and out of season for the success of the whole Republican ticket. In the hour of peril let every man be at his post, that when the struggle ends all may rejoice alike in the victory. Be not satisfied with going to the polls yourself, but exhort your neighbor by all that he holds dear, by his pride of the past, by his enjoyment of the present, by his hopes of the future, to come forth and declare by his ballot, that treason shall be made odious and traitors punished—that the will of the people is the law of the land and that no recreant President shall defy it with impunity—that the national faith shall be strictly kept and every dollar of debt be paid —that our free government shall be maintained and our liberties preserved—that the loyal men, who by their blood and treasure saved the country, shall rule it also. Let such be the high resolve of the patriotic, loyal men throughout the state and when the polls close on Tuesday next, Pennsylvania will be found to have rolled up such an overwhelming Union majority as shall forever blight the hopes of rebels and Copperheads, and administer to Andy Johnson and his rebel co-adjutors, such a scathing rebuke that they will never again dream of resisting the laws of the land as expressed by the will of the people.

THE JOHN BROWN OUTRAGE.

John Brown, a worthless drunken negro, who has lived nearly all his life-time with Democrats (so-called), and who was drunk no doubt on Copperhead whiskey, attempted to commit an infamous outrage on a white woman near Bedford about ten days ago. Immediately the Copperheads hereabouts began to use this as an electioneering scheme. They talked as if the Republicans were in some way responsible for this outrage, they tried by indirection to do this. Among the loudest of these babblers was Mr. William Bowles, treasurer of the Poor House Funds. We suggest to him that he has quite enough to do to keep his accounts straight as Poor House treasurer, so that we don't have any more oversights and errors running away with the money of the taxpayers by the *thousands*. And another was Mr. O.E. Shannon who has ever since been travelling around to Copperhead meetings commenting on this diabolical outrage. It is said that Shannon could not have made a speech at all except for this. It formed the whole burden of his twaddle. Perhaps he could put in his time better as Chief Burgess of Bedford Borough in superintending the making of gutters and a reservoir that cost thousands of dollars and are utterly worthless.

Republicans have a far better show for asserting that *the Copperheads induced John Brown to attempt this atrocious wickedness in order that they might raise an outcry for electioneering purposes*. Nay more, *such a charge would not be without a show of foundation*. John Brown was drunk. There is but one tavern kept by a Republican in Bedford. It can be proven John Brown did not get his whiskey there. Isaac Mengel is a tavern keeper, and he is the Copperhead candidate for County Treasurer Mr. Edward Kerr is District Attorney. He is the Copperhead candidate for re-election. It is alleged *that he knew of this outrage six or eight hours before any effort was made to arrest John Brown, and that Brown was in town and could easily have been arrested.*

There is nothing in the antecedents of the Party to which these people belong to make it improbable that they would engage in just such a scheme. Some thirty years ago they tried to defeat Major Barclay for the Senate by bribing a negro wench to lay an illegitimate child at his office door just before the election. And their whole career shows that they are willing to use any subterfuge and any fabrications that might promise success. *There cannot be much doubt but that this negro was made drunk and put up to this assault by white men and that if the proper efforts had been made he would not have escaped.* Brown it is said was seen in town two or three hours after the warrant for his arrest was put in the hands of the constable. It is needless to say the constable was not a Republican.

Union men! War Democrats! Republicans! True men and patriots by whatsoever name known! once again to the Polls, and once again defeat this infamous party of Traitors, and Tricksters and Liars who are now capping a career of treason by such miserably mean and contemptible electioneering frauds.

W. P. SCHELL THE RAIL ROAD CANDIDATE.

BLOODY RUN Oct. 1st, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Plain facts in regard to candidates should not be concealed, if those facts have any bearing upon the vital interests of the people. In electing men to the legislature in these latter days, it is right and reasonable that all should understand clearly the opinions of candidates upon measures that may in the course of legislation result beneficially or injuriously to the districts which they may represent. In view of this policy I have thought to disclose a few facts which I have from reliable authority, that the gentleman named above is trying to secure his election on the principle of his advocacy of the "Free Rail Road policy." An electioneering scheme of this kind may be advantageous to him, but it is full of danger and deceit. The prevailing opinion amongst the majority of our people is, that it was through the instrumentality of Mr. Schell that the Broad Top Rail Road sprang into existence; but the truth is that, through shrewd conjuring, and rich promises Mr. Schell secured for himself the presidency of that company at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum, and the whole amount subscribed by him was just that sum; so that at the end of the first year, Mr. Schell's subscription was credited to him in full, and the money remained in his possession instead of assisting to build the Road. It appears also that Mr. Schell promised that if they made him president of the company, that he would insure forty thousand dollars of subscription to the Road; which was never redeemed and through some political act of legerdemain he was exonerated by the company, and the consequence was, the Rail Road lingered along unfinished, for the want of the necessary means.

Now, if the people of this district should elect Mr. Schell for the purpose of getting Rail Roads constructed, they will find eventually that their labors have been—not for Mr. Schell, but—in vain. The Penna Central controls legislation at Harrisburg to an alarming extent, and those who have been tried and found true to our interests, are worthy of confidence.

Messrs. Richards and Weller are in view of their manifest firmness heretofore, men upon whom the district can safely rely, and it would be folly to give up a certainty for a shadow. Truly Yours,

J. E. SATTERFIELD.

"GONE BACK ON US."

The *Gazette* of this week contains a card signed by Captain John S. Swartz, the gentleman who *foots* the Republican ticket for the very distinguished position of County Auditor, in which he tells the world, after a silence of three months intervening between the nominating convention and this time, that he is a Democrat and not a Republican, and that he, therefore, DECLINES THE NOMINATION.

Capt. Swartz was a delegate to the Convention which nominated him, and by his silence on the occasion, accepted the nomination. He was a soldier, and though he had been a Democrat, he had accepted the position of delegate and acted with the Republican party up to the election last Fall. He is, apparently, a mere creature, without mind or decision of character, and rather excites our pity than our contempt. We presume that he and his small-fisted Copperhead friends have made up their minds that this act of treachery will ruin the Republican party, whereas it will affect it about as much as a toad would impede the progress of a mammoth locomotive.

Since Capt. Swartz is no longer a candidate our friends will use their own pleasure in voting. The hour at which we write makes it too late for the substitution of any other person, we, therefore, suggest to the Republicans to merely scratch him off in charity.

DANGER AHEAD!

President Johnson threatens revolution and is backed in his threats by the Copperheads and rebels. In Maryland they already have twelve thousand militia, fully armed and equipped and commanded by officers of the late rebel army. It is asserted by the President's most intimate friends that his further movements will be determined by the result of the elections in Pennsylvania and New York, If they go for the Copperheads, he will forcibly prevent the meeting of Congress and the rebel militia, of Maryland, are relied upon as the nucleus of the army that is to support him in his revolutionary movements. Such are the designs of Johnson and his Copperhead supporters and every vote cast for the Copperhead ticket in Pennsylvania will be a vote in favor of a new rebellion and another effort to destroy the Union, subvert our free government and set up one man power in the person of Andy Johnson. Such are the momentous issues of the coming election. Let no man stay away from the polls or be indifferent at such a crisis. His duty to himself, to his fellowmen calls every friend of freedom, every lover of his country, every true patriot, to come forward and sustain law and order and express his faith in the government of the people by voting the full Republican ticket.

SHOWING THEIR COLORS.

The Maryland rebels having, with the aid of Andy Johnson, succeeded in saddling a constitution on the State to suit themselves, have thrown off all disguise feeling perfectly secure under their new constitution. On the 24th ult. the so-called Democratic Judicial Nominating Convention of Baltimore, nominated a *straight rebel* ticket in which conservatism was not only completely ignored but most contemptuously snubbed, as the following record of the candidates most clearly shows:

Bartol, the candidate for the Court of Appeals, was arrested during the war for alleged disloyalty, and imprisoned in Fort McHenry. Among other candidates for Judges, who were all active and notorious sympathizers with the Rebellion, is one T. Parkin Scott, a member of the notorious Fredrick Legislature of 1861, who was, by McClellan's orders, committed to Fort Warren; G. W. Dobbin, counsel for Kane's Police Board; Trimble, the bridge-burner; Robert Gilmor, a brother of the notorious Harry Gilmor; C. W. Pinckney, who is alleged to have been in the Rebel army on Lee's staff, and Gorey, a member of the Constitutional Convention. The candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, McEwen, was Clerk for the Kane Police Board in 1861, and went South, and returned after Lee's surrender. The Maryland Democrats have joined hands to-day with their brethren of Kentucky in awarding position to the champions of the Lost Cause. Conservatism was entirely ignored, and the claims of none but straight out and out rebels considered.

PREPARING FOR MISCHIEF.

Governor Swan of Maryland made a requisition a short time ago on General Grant for cannon to arm his rebel militia. Gen. Grant promptly refused to give United States artillery to Swan's rebels. Gov. Swan has since purchased artillery elsewhere sufficient to fully equip his rebel forces.. Every loyal man whether in Maryland or out believes that this arming of the militia means mischief. All the signs of the times indicate that these forces are being armed to assist Andy Johnson in any mad scheme of revolution that he may be reckless enough to undertake. Let every true patriotic rebuke these treasonable preparation by voting the full Republican ticket and assisting to roll up an overwhelming majority against Andy Johnson and his rebel policy.

WHO PRACTISE ECONOMY?

Under Democratic rule our state debt increased continually for years until it exceeded FORTY MILLIONS when the Republican party came into power. Ever since that time it has continually decreased at the rate of a million or more per year and in the past year nearly TWO MILLIONS have been paid off. At the same time the law taxing real estate has been repealed and yet the amount of the debt yearly paid off has been kept increasing each year. Taxpayers, if you want your taxes lightened and the state debt rapidly paid off vote the whole republican ticket.

DON'T FORGET that Wm. P. Schell, during the war publicly proclaimed that he was a Northern man with Southern principles, and that he would sooner see the rebellion succeed, than that slavery should be abolished. He is as much a rebel now as then and is unfit to be trusted with any office of profit or trust among loyal men. Make treason odious by voting against Wm. P. Schell.

REMEMBER when you go to the polls that Ed. F. Kerr, the Copperhead candidate for District Attorney, has publicly declared that he would sooner see Jeff. Davis in Congress than the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens. Rebels every where hate Stevens for the part he took in putting down the rebellion.

NINE pledges are a great matter, no doubt. (There is a mystic power in the number nine.) They ought to be enough to keep Mr. Schell straight if he gets to the Legislature. Probably they will be, *if* he gets there. And this in spite of his *intimate personal relations with Thomas A. Scott the Vice President of the Penna. Railroad, the man who is so potent at Harrisburg in putting Legislation through for the Monopoly.* Yet against this ostentatious array of pledges the people have the acts and votes of Messrs. Weller and Richards. Men's honest *deeds* ought to be as good as other mens honest *words*. There is an old song

"Words are but air, and air but breath
How strong so e'er you make them,"

And we dont imagine that the Republicans of this district will be induced by any number of pledges, although he would make ninety and nine of them, to forget Mr. Schell's record during the War.

COPPERHEADS VERSUS A FREE RAILROAD LAW.—Eight of the ten Copperhead Senators in the Legislature last winter voted against the Free Rail Road Law. Yet when election time comes round their candidates have the brazen faced impudence to profess and pledge themselves as Free Rail Road men. Even Wm. P. Schell, though when in the Senate he was the pliant tool of the Central Rail Road company, now hopes by pledging himself to all sorts of rail road projects to dupe the people into a belief in his professions. The Pennsylvania Legislature may be a good place for adventurers to retrieve their fortunes, but they are not the men the people want. Vote for Richards and Weller who have shown themselves proof against the temptations of the "Monopoly."

THE *Gazette* publishes, with a tremendous buga-boo story, the bill passed by the last Legislature prohibiting corporations from discriminating against persons on account of color, as if it were a terrible thing to allow colored persons to travel without constant insult from a low order of beings who like to drag every decent colored person down to their own level. We pity the creature who will be guilty of such meanness towards God's rational creatures! He is a libel on humanity! If the slave system were in existence, and the author of this sensational article could own one colored man, he would ride with him in his carriage, shave him, dress him, sleep in the same room with him, but as a free man *never!* Oh, no! Such hypocrisy!

LET THE PEOPLE CHOOSE.—If a man makes a solemn contract with you to pay a debt in *gold*, is it honest in him to insist that you must take payment in *paper*? Judge Sharswood says *no*; Judge Williams says *yes*. Which of them do you prefer for Supreme Judge?—*Reading Gazette.*

Judge Sharswood says no such thing! He said GREENBACKS AND GOVERNMENT CURRENCY WERE UNCONSTITUTIONAL! This is the plain English of his opinion, and we dare successful contradiction. Nor has Judge Williams said what is here attributed to him. No one will go further to sustain the law of contracts than Judge Williams, and he, therefore, maintains that the obligations of the Government are both valid and constitutional.

WE have been informed from a most reliable source that the amount of the mistakes in the Poor House funds discovered last winter was over *ten thousand dollars*. The *Gazette* has repeatedly denied this as the correct amount, and has stated that it was only *four or five thousand*. During all this time, six or eight months, the Auditors and Poor Directors have never given to the public one single word of explanation. They have been mute as mice. "Least said, soonest mended" seems to be their motto. The people are to *go it blind for the Democratic ticket!* Perhaps they won't though. We shall see.

REMEMBER that the Cops are mum all over the State on the Free Rail Road Law. Neither the resolutions of their State convention, nor of any of their County Conventions have a word about the Free Rail Road Law. Remember also that Eight of the ten Cops in the Senate voted against the law last winter. Will Wm. P. Schell do otherwise? Will he dare to turn his back upon his party, as well as upon his own record He has always been a supple tool of the Monopoly. Hence the necessity for so many pledges. Sudden conversions, when a man happens to want an office, are always to be regarded with suspicion.

DID you ever hear the beautiful story of the SEVEN SLEEPERS. How the three county Auditors, and the three Poor Directors, and the very extraordinary duplicated gentlemen who is clerk to both Poor Directors and Auditors, went to sleep and slept soundly for *seven* years, and when they wakened, *seven* thousand dollars was missing, and they didn't know where it was;

"Little Bo-Peep,
She lost her sheep,
And didn't know where to find them.
Oh! let them alone,
And they'll come home,
With their tails behind them!"

LET the question be asked and repeated: "Can a political party, that opposed the nation in time of war, when its very life was imperrilled, be trusted with its interest in time of peace? Can men who rejoiced at national defeats, and at rebel victories, be safely trusted with power?" Let the answer come up from every loyal heart, on next Tuesday, with such force as even to appal the usurper who holds forth in the White House.

A COPPERHEAD triumph on next Tuesday, would be hailed with joy by every rebel from Mason and Dixon's line to the Gulf, and by every deserter who skedaddled to the bleak hills of Canada, and send up the price of gold from 10 to 15 cents, while on the other hand a Republican triumph will gladden the heart of every Union man, patriot and soldier in the land, and decrease the price of gold correspondingly. Vote the whole Republican ticket.

THE *Gazette* says the mistake in the Poor House business only amounted to *four or five thousand dollars and not eight or ten thousand*. Oh, well, it makes no difference! It's a small matter among so many of us. If it hadn't been for some *stupid* fellow it wouldn't have been known, and the taxpayers wouldn't have missed it!

THE Cop vote in California falls 2,000 short of their vote last Fall. Queer gain, ain't it?

VOTE early and only once, that is all that will be necessary!

THE New York Constitutional convention on the 24 ult., adjourned over to the 12th of November.

IF you want the Poor House accounts to exhibit no more $10,000 deficits, vote for Ullery!

THOSE desiring the Poor House to be a decent resort for the poor and the helpless, will vote for Ullery!

FRIENDS, REPUBLICANS, examine every ticket, and be sure that the names of Richards and Weller are on every one!

GO to the polls early and dispatch persons for the aged and the infirm early in the day. Don't wait until it is too late.

ACTIONS speak louder than words. Remember that Richards and Weller voted straight and constantly against the Monopoly and in favor of a Free Rail Road law.

REPUBLICANS, go to the polls on next Tuesday and vote the Republican ticket from Judge Williams to Adam Ullery. The Cops will not scratch a single candidate.

THE reception given to Sheridan and Sickles, on last Friday evening, in Philadelphia, completely laid out the last remnant of Copperheadism. *Vale* Sharswood!

WHO ever heard of a negro *slave* having an unpleasant smell about him? It has only been discovered since he has become a freedman. It is a Copperhead discovery!

HE that cries out against taxation desires to inaugurate repudiation. The latter follows the former as logically as rain descending from the clouds strikes the earth.

REPUBLICANS, watch carefully that class of men known as Deserters; they have no right to vote under the existing laws and our Court, at its last session, so decided.

THE *Gazette* intimates that the election in Pennsylvania will settle the question of Negro Suffrage in the Southern States. This is news! Yes, *Gazette* news!

SHALL the Poor House of Bedford county cost the Tax-payers thousands of dollars annually, and then not be a decent receptacle for swine? Vote for Adam Ullery!

THE statute books of Pennsylvania contain more legislation in favor of Wm. P. Schell than in favor of any other ten men in the county. Vote for Richards and Weller!

WHERE the Republicans are organized by sub-school districts let each sub-school district committee see that every Republican voter in the district is promptly brought out. Every vote should be out by 12 o'clock.

THE fellows who said that Greenbacks would be taken in exchange for wood, cord for cord, are now endeavoring to elect Sharswood to make their predictions good. Honest men, vote for Henry W. Williams.

THERE are a large number of bond holders in this county, if they desire to have their bonds declared null and void, they had better vote for Judge Sharswood, or stay away from the polls.

HON. WM. P. SCHELL desires to go to the Legislature to retrieve his fortune. Can he do it *honestly* at $1,000 a session and pay expenses? Bosh! Vote for Richards and Weller!

SOUTHERN masters never complained of their negro servants occupying seats in the same vehicle with them, on the other hand it was one of their institutions. Copperheads, however, won't stand it!

WOULD it not be better to have a Republican in the Board of County Commissioners to watch the majority? It would save thousands of dollars to the tax payers! Vote for Karns!

THE Copperheads have run the machine for many years in Bedford county, it is about time that we have some body to investigate the affairs of the Commissioners' office. Vote for Karns!

IF you want a District Attorney who drank toasts to Jeff. Davis during the war and proposed to raise the rebel flag in your midst, vote for Kerr. If not vote for Points.

APATHY on the part of Republicans is interpreted by the Johnson men as an indication of the disapproval of the people of the course of Congress. Let every vote be polled and all will be well!

GARIBALDI's meditated attack upon Rome has been suddenly frustrated. He was arrested by order of the Italian Government on the morning of the 24th ult at Sienna while crossing the Roman frontier and brought to Florence under guard.

THE friends of the Union will notice that if the Republican vote falls short but bare two votes the adherents of Andy Johnson will claim it as a gain for his policy. Turn out, friends, and see that our vote does not fall below that of last Fall.

A COP can seat himself in a barber shop, allow a colored barber to lather his face lean over him, pull his nose, shave him, or stand at his elbow while he eats his meals, but he cannot endure the idea of staying in the same car with him. Out upon such hypocrisy!

THE Copperheads are complaining very much of the apathy of some of their leaders and blame them with having too many government Bonds. That's what's the matter. The Cops that have bonds know very well that if Judge Sharswood is elected their bonds will be endangered. If you desire to save your Bonds, vote for Hon. Henry W. Williams!

MR. SCHELL is embarrassed politically and financially; he expects the people to return him to the Legislature to retrieve his fortune. Who ever heard of an honest representative making money? Richards and Weller go to the Legislature to represent their constituents, not to make fortunes. Vote for Richards and Weller!

WE prefer men who go to the Legislature to secure honest legislation. Things have come to a pretty pass when we are asked to send men to the Legislature because they are experts at trickery. Richards and Weller are honest!

WITHIN the last few days the Cops have gone under; they have ceased to boast or even to offer to "bet," they have given up all hope of electing Sharswood, and the last particle of enthusiasm has oozed out. Vote early for Williams!

THE INQUIRER discovered a year ago that Bedford county was $16,000 indebted to the State, who knows how many other leaks might be discovered if a Republican were in the Board of Commissioners. Vote for Karns!

THE poor creatures whose misfortune it is to be compelled to avail themselves of the hospitalities of the Bedford County Poor House, would be more comfortably entertained in a barrack. Those desiring a change will vote for Ullery!

JOHN T. RICHARDS and JOHN WELLER won all honor in the last Legislature for their honesty and integrity. Such men alone saved it; if you wan't to sink the next Legislature vote for Schell; if not, vote for Richards and Weller!

A COP tells us that he thought every body knew that William Kirk, Esq., would be elected Jury Commissioner, and that the man who didn't know better didn't take the papers! We heartily agree with him there, but must confess that we never suspected him of reading even the *Gazette*.

MR. SCHELL had no scruples about selling out to the Penna. Central Rail Road when he represented this district in the Senate. Will he do any better now with all his pledges? When the Devil was sick, the Devil a Saint would be, but when the Devil got well, Devil the Saint was he.

"WHO cares for Expenses? Dad's rich!" the loss of ten thousand dollars to the tax-payers is of no account. What the Cops are keeping watch and ward against now is "*Nigger equality*." They are afraid the "*niggers*" *might* get into office, and that the public funds might not be safe.

SOLDIERS, will you vote for the candidates of a Party which four years ago was opposed to allowing volunteers the right to vote? Is there a single soldier so lost to all feeling of self-respect, and respect for his comrades in arms, who laid down their lives in the war, as to be found voting for the candidates of the Copperheads?

THE best way to settle the question of reconstruction is to elect Hon. Henry W. Williams to the Supreme Bench of this State. This action of the loyal people will exhibit to the recreant President at Washington that the loyal masses are determined to support Congress as against his usurpation. Vote for Williams!

FRIENDS of peace and liberty; remember that Andy Johnson threatens to forcibly prevent the meeting of Congress and assume a military dictatorship if the Copperheads carry the Pennsylvania election. If you do not wish to see a new war begun by Andy Johnson in his effort to make himself sole ruler of the country, vote the whole Republican ticket.

CHARACTERISTIC.—The new Constitution recently adopted by the Maryland rebels, demonstrates the true pro-slavery spirit, in its abolition of the common schools provided for by the Constitution of 1864. Truly they love darkness because their deeds are evil. They can only rule by keeping the people in ignorance.

MR. SCHELL promises the people of the Woodberries a railroad. He did not know that they already have a charter, and had forgotten that he has no money himself, that he is at the outs with the Central, and that the Legislature does not appropriate money to build Railroads. Vote for Richards and Weller!

DOES Wm. P. Schell expect to make money enough, if elected to the Legislature, to redeem the bogus oil stock that he duped the people of Bedford County into buying? If he does he had better pledge himself to do so. It would be a much more tempting bait than hypocritical Rail Road pledges. We could not promise to vote for him even then, but we could accommodate him with a little oil stock, very cheap.

LET our friends in the various boroughs and townships hold caucuses on Saturday or Monday night preceding the election, and allot to each the work which is to be done on Tuesday following. By this means every one will know what devolves upon him, and all he will have to do will be to execute the work assigned to him, and all will be well. We earnestly urge upon our friends to attend to this matter without fail.

THE Legislature of Pennsylvania makes no appropriations for building railroads. How does Mr. Schell intend to raise money to build all the railroads he has already promised? Report says he has no money, the Legislature appropriates none, and he is *at the outs* with the Central! Ain't it only an electioneering scheme. Honest voter, it is nothing else! Vote for Richards and Weller!

IT is said that a high official of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad induced Mr. Schell to go into a certain speculation, and then left him stick, and that, therefore, the said Mr. Schell is "mad at him." Suppose the official were to come to the relief of Mr. Schell, does any one suppose for a moment that Mr. Schell would not find it convenient to support the Central? Certainly he would. Fie on your Free Railroad pledge, it is as idle as the winds! Vote for Richards and Weller!

THE friends of Mr. Schell say that he has been at daggers points with the representatives of the Pennsylvania Central Company for some time, and yet that gentleman pledges himself in favor of the early completion of the Southern Pennsylvania and Connellsville Road. Every body knows that the Central is building this road. How then can Schell do anything towards its completion? Vote for Richards and Weller!

BEDFORD COUNTY COPS AND NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

Col. John H. Filler the only advocate of the Negro Suffrage in Bedford county is stumping the county for the Copperheads. We have not had the pleasure of hearing him and therefore cannot tell with how much zeal he advocates Negro Suffrage, but we hear his speeches highly praised by his Copperhead friends. So much for Negro Suffrage and Copperheadism in Bedford county.

DEMOCRACY AND THE NEGRO.

President Johnson and his Democratic rebel friends are every day exposing their hypocrisy on the Negro question. Johnson has been almost begging some intelligent negro, Fred Douglass among the number, to take charge of the Freedmen's Bureau, expressing his willingness to resign Gen. Howard as soon as he can find a negro who will accept the position.

THE friends of Schell say that he built the Broad Top Railroad. Admit that he had a hand in it; but who realized the advantages? Mr. Schell, and parties for him, bought up all the lands along the route that were reputed to have coal or iron on them, at a nominal price, and the poor honest farmer realized nothing, while on the other hand Mr. Schell pocketed everything. Farmers, are you ready to give Mr. Schell your lands to build your railroads. If not, vote for Richards and Weller!

LET all good citizens who want the monetary affairs of the County and Poor House economically conducted remember that with three Democratic Auditors, and three Democratic Poor Directors, and a Democratic clerk, the whole *seven* watching with both eyes, "open tight," *Eight or ten thousand dollars*, leaked out of the Poor House funds "unbeknown" to anybody. Hadn't you better try a few Republicans, just to watch the other fellows and poke them up occasionally, and keep THEM awake?

WE are credibly informed that when Mr. Schell sold out to the Rail Road Monopoly the consideration was *seventy-five thousand dollars*. He defends this sale of his vote, as a Senator, on the ground that it was paid for in a Railroad subscription to the Huntingdon and Broad Top Rail-road. The subscription to the road was only FIFTY THOUSAND dollars? Did the other TWENTY FIVE thousand go into Mr. Schell's pocket? Does he hope to make it pay in this way again?

DONT forget that W. P. Schell was one of the chief managers in the Bedford Railroad enterprise, to which you were induced to subscribe by promises that the money should be expended on the road between Mt. Dallas and Bedford. Remember that not a dollar was so expended and that when some of the subscribers were compelled to pay the last cent, the subscriptions of others, who happened to be in the ring, were cancelled without the payment of a dollar. Do you want to invest in any more bogus railroad promises, if you do vote for Schell! If not, vote for Richards and Weller!

CITIZENS of Bedford County, remember that you were duped by William P. Schell into expending as much money for worthless oil stocks as would have built a railroad to every village in the county. Do you wish to invest anything more in Mr. Schell's promises whether in the shape of oil stock or newspaper cards?

THE Cops are at last despondent. By the latest advices they gives us Ohio by at least TWENTY THOUSAND and have given up all hope of Pennsylvania within the last two weeks. Let us have a good turn out on Tuesday next and we will carry the State by twenty thousand majority.

1,000 DOLLARS REWARD!

The place to buy goods and SAVE your GREENBACKS, is at the GREAT BARGAIN STORE of

G. R. & W. OSTER,

Who will sell from this date until the 20th of September next, prior to closing to extend or otherwise repair their Store room,) their ENTIRE STOCK at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Many goods at and below COST.
Bedford, Aug. 23:6w

SILVER'S WASH POWDER.

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

MAKES WASHING A PASTIME

AND MONDAY A FESTIVAL.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT.

ZEIGLER & SMITH,
Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,
137 North Third street, Philadelphia.
Nov. 10, 1866.-1yr.

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap

A superior **Toilet Soap,** prepared from refined **Vegetable Oils,** in combination with **Glycerine,** and especially designed for the use of **Ladies** and for the **Nursery.** Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled.

For sale by all druggists. may24:1y

S. S. CAMPBELL & Co.

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS

and wholesale dealers in

FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, &C., &C

No. 303 Race Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Also manufacturers of all kinds of

Molasses Candy & Cocoanut Work

October 26, 1yr

THE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

will re-open on MONDAY, SEPT. 2d, in the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church.

Principal, Mrs. C. V. R. BONNEY.

TERMS, per quarter of ten weeks, $6 to $10.

REFERENCES.—O. E. Shannon, T. R. Gettys, W. P. Schell, A. King, Jacob Reed, G. W. Ryan.

Bedford, Aug. 30:3m

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

By direction of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, the undersigned will, at his office, in Bedford, on Sept. 11, 1867, take testimony to supply the place of lost deeds and perfect the title of Moses Robison to the estate of his father, George Robison late of Monroe tp., dec'd.

aug30:3t JOHN P. REED, Commissioner

"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI:"

A Complete History of the New States and Territories, from the Great River to the Great Ocean. By Albert D Richardson. Over 20,000 copies sold in one month.

Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast. With over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the New States and Territories.

To prospective emigrants and settlers in the Far West, this History of that fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, &c.

AGENTS WANTED.—Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work.

Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
aug9:3t 507 Minor Street, Philadelphia.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoenas and Executions, for sale at the Inquirer office.

Nov 2, 1866

Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1867.

UNION STATE NOMINATION.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

UNION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOHN U. REICHARDS, Fulton County.
JOHN WELLER, Somerset County.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
W. A. POINTS, Bedford Borough.

PROTHONOTARY,
JOHN R. JORDAN, Bedford Borough.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM KIRK, St. Clair.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM KARNS, Hopewell.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ADAM ULERY, Middle Woodberry.

AUDITOR,

—— —— of —— ——

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

EXTRACT from His Opinion in the Case of Bronson vs. Twells.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, and a legal tender, is UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question, which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am, however, of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."—*Opinion from the Philadelphia Age of Tht of February, 1866, where the opinion is published in full.*

It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 16, 1866, page 89.

In the same copy of the *Age* is a carefully prepared eulogy of the judge and this opinion, in which is the following:

"Judge Sharswood reasons upon, and besides the case at bar there were hardly quirk, wiring in the world, and of the contentions and snarls of the world."

Will not the leaders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the judge as quite too conservative and unlearned for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

FREEDMEN ABUSED!

Momentous issues are before you. The peace of our country, the liberties of our people are imperilled. Awake and to the rescue! The hosts of treason, the allies of the rebels, led by the traitorous Johnson are marshalling for the onset. The men who sanctioned the starving of our gallant soldiers at Andersonville and Libby, who rejoiced over our victories are active, vigilant and untiring. They will leave no means untried, no stone unturned by which they may gain a vote in behalf of treason and traitors. They propose to repudiate the national debt, to pronounce Legal tenders unconstitutional, to destroy the reconstruction laws void, to pardon traitors and not only restore them to the privileges of citizens, but to exalt them to office over loyal men. They sanctioned the murder of the lamented Lincoln and condemned the execution of the conspirators of traitors. They have constantly opposed every measure intended to punish traitors and make treason odious. They are now aiding and abetting Andy Johnson in his defiance of Congress and the people, and openly sanction his threats subvert the government and break up the Congress of the people by military force. Encouraged by thousands of Northern Copperheads, there are to-day twelve thousand rebel soldiers, armed, equipped, and officered, in Maryland ready at a moment's notice to seize the executive Johnson in his and schemes to subvert our government, take away our liberties and himself rule the country with a rebel sword in hand. Such is the programme of Andy Johnson and his rebel and Copperhead co-adjutors. Friends of freedom, lovers of liberty will you, can you, sit silent and indifferent in such a crisis? Shall the national faith be broken? Shall our debt be repudiated and our bonds declared void? Shall the hard-earned dollars of our industrious laborers with which they hope to buy bread and clothing for their families be pronounced worthless? Shall traitors be pardoned and treason rewarded? Shall the fruits of victory be lost in the hour of triumph by your indifference? Shall our free government bought by the sacrifices of our fore-fathers and preserved by the blood of our fathers, sons, and brothers be given up without a struggle? Shall the enfranchised be remanded to slavery and the manacles of the bondman be forged again? Shall the liberties bought at so fearful a price of blood and treasure be endangered by lethargy and indifference now? If not, arouse and gird yourself for the struggle. But a few brief hours remain, but in them all may be saved or lost. Let no moment be lost. From this day until the polls close on the 8th of October, let every man, who loves his country and prizes her glorious liberty and her free institutions, labor unceasingly in season and out of season for the success of the whole Republican ticket. In the hour of peril let every man be at his post, that when the struggle ends all may rejoice alike in the victory. Be not satisfied with going to the polls yourself, but exhort your neighbor by all that he holds dear, by his pride of the past, by his enjoyments of the present, by the hopes of the future, to come forth and declare by his ballot, that treason shall be made odious and traitors punished—that the will of the people is the law of the land and that no veterans. President shall defy it with impunity—that the national faith shall be strictly kept and every dollar of debt be paid—that our free government shall be maintained and our liberties preserved—that the loyal men, who by their blood and treasure saved the country, shall rule it also. Let such be the high resolve of the patriotic, loyal men throughout the state and when the polls close on Tuesday next, Pennsylvania will be found to have rolled up such an overwhelming Union majority as shall forever blight the hopes of rebels and Copperheads, and administer to Andy Johnson and his rebel co-adjutors, such a scathing rebuke that they will never again dream of resisting the law of the land as expressed by the will of the people.

THE JOHN BROWN OUTRAGE.

John Brown, a worthless drunken negro, who has lived nearly all his life-time with Democrats (so-called), and who was drunk no doubt on Copperhead whiskey, attempted to commit an infamous outrage on a white woman near Bedford about ten days ago. Immediately the Copperheads hereabouts began to use this as an electioneering scheme. They talked as if the Republicans were in some way responsible for this evil negro, they tried by indirection to do this. Among the loudest of these babblers was Mr. William Bowles, treasurer of the Poor House Funds. We suggest to him, that he has quite enough to do to keep his accounts straight as Poor House treasurer, so that we don't have any more oversights and errors running away with the money of the taxpayers by the thousands. And another was Mr. O.H. Shannon who has ever since been travelling around to Copperhead meetings commenting on this diabolical outrage. It is said that Shannon could not have made a speech at all except for this. It formed the whole burden of his twaddle. Perhaps he could put in his time better as Chief Burgess of Bedford Borough in superintending the making of gutters and a reservoir that cost thousands of dollars and are utterly worthless.

Republicans have a far better show for asserting that *the Copperheads inbued John Brown to attempt this atrocious wickedness in order that they might raise an outcry for electioneering purposes.* Nay more, *such a charge would be without colour of foundation.* John Brown was drunk. There is but one tavern kept by a Republican in Bedford. It can be proven John Brown did not get his whiskey there. Isaac Mengel is a tavern keeper, and he is the Copperhead candidate for County Treasurer. Mr. Edward Kerr is District Attorney. He is the Copperhead candidate for re-election. *It is alleged that he knew of the outrage six or eight hours before any effort was made to arrest John Brown, and that Brown was in town and could easily have been arrested.*

There is nothing in the antecedents of the Party to which those people belong to make it improbable that they would engage in just such a scheme. Some thirty years ago they tried to defeat Major Barclay for the Senate by bribing a negro woman to lay an illegitimate child at his office door just before the election. And their whole career shows that they are willing to use any subterfuge and any fabrications that might promise success. *There cannot be much doubt but that this negro was much drunk and put up to this assault by white men and that if the proper efforts had been made he would not have escaped.* Brown it is said was seen in town two or three hours after the warrant for his arrest was put in the hands of the constable. It is needless to say the constable was not a Republican.

Union men! War Democrats! Republicans! True men and patriots by whatsoever name known! once again to the Polls, and once again defeat this infamous party of Traitors, and Traitors and Liars who are now egging a caesar of treason by such miserably mean and contemptible electioneering frauds.

W. P. SCHELL THE RAIL ROAD CANDIDATE.

BEDFORD BOY OUT, Dec. 1st, 1865.

MESSRS. EDITORS: PLEASE—Facts in regard to candidates should not be concealed, if those facts have a tendency bearing upon the vital interests of the people. In electing men to the legislature in these latter days, it is right and reasonable that all should understand clearly the opinions of candidates upon measures that may in the course of legislation result beneficially or injuriously to the interests which they may represent. In view of this policy I have thought to disclose a few facts which I have from reliable authority, that the gentleman named above is trying to secure his election on the principle of his advocacy of the "Free Rail Road policy." An electioneering scheme of this kind may be advantageous to him, but it is full of danger and deceit. The prevailing opinion amongst the majority of our people is, that it was through the instrumentality of Mr. Schell that the Bonad Top Rail Road sprung into existence; but the truth is that, through shrewd engineering, and with promises Mr. Schell secured for himself the presidency of that company at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum, and the whole amount subscribed by him was but that sum, so that at the end of the first year Mr. Schell's subscription was credited to him in full, and the money remained in his possession instead of assisting to build the Road. It appears also that Mr. Schell promised that if they made him president of the company, that he would insure forty thousand dollars of subscription to the Road, which was never subscribed, and through some political act of legislature he was nominated by the company, and the consequence was, the Rail Road lingered along unfinished, for the want of the necessary means.

Now, if the people of this district should elect Mr. Schell for the purpose of getting Rail Roads constructed, they will find eventually that their labors have been—not for Mr. Schell, but—in vain. The Penna. Central controls legislation at Harrisburg to an alarming extent, and those who have been tried, and found true to our interests, are worthy of confidence.

Messrs. Richards and Weller are in view of their manifest fitness honorable, men upon whom the district can safely rely, and it would be folly to give up a certainty for a shadow.

Truly Yours,

J. K. SACHSENBAUD.

"GONE BACK ON US."

The *Gazette* of this week contains a card signed by Captain John S. Swartz, the gentleman who *from* the Republican ticket for the very distinguished position of County Auditor, in which he tells the world, after a silence of three months intervening between the nominating convention and this time, that he is a Democrat and not a Republican, and that he, therefore, DECLINES THE NOMINATION.

Capt. Swartz was a delegate to the Convention which nominated him, and by his silence on the occasion, accepted the nomination. He was a soldier, and though he had been a Democrat, he had accepted the position of delegate and acted with the Republican party up to the election last Fall. He is, apparently, a mere creature, without mind or decision of character, and rather excites our pity than our contempt. We presume that he and his small-fisted Copperhead friends have made up their minds that this act of treachery will ruin the Republican party, whereas it will affect it about as much as a toad would impede the progress of a monstrous locomotive.

Since Capt. Swartz is no longer a candidate our friends will use their own pleasure in voting. The hour at which we write makes it too late for the substitution of any other person, we, therefore, suggest to the Republicans to merely scratch him off in charity.

DANGER AHEAD!

President Johnson threatens revolution and is backed in his threats by the Copperheads and rebels. In Maryland they already have twelve thousand militia, fully armed and equipped and commanded by officers of the late rebel army. It is asserted by the President's most intimate friends that his further movements will be determined by the result of the elections in Pennsylvania and New York. If they go for the Copperheads, he will forcibly prevent the meeting of Congress and the rebel militia, of Maryland, are relied upon as the nucleus of the army that is to support him in his revolutionary movements. Such are the designs of Johnson and his Copperhead supporters and every vote cast for the Copperhead ticket in Pennsylvania will be a vote in favour of a new rebellion and another effort to destroy the Union, subvert our free government and set up the man power in the person of Andy Johnson. Such are the momentous issues of the coming election. Let no man stay away from the polls or be indifferent at such a crisis. His duty to himself, to his fellowmen calls every friend of freedom, every lover of his country, every true patriot, to come forward and sustain law and order and express his faith in the government of the people by voting the full Republican ticket.

SHOWING THEIR COLORS.

The Maryland rebels having, with the aid of Andy Johnson, succeeded in nullifying a constitution in the State so said themselves have thrown off all disguise feeling perfectly secure under their new constitution. On the 24th ult. the so-called Democratic Judicial Nominating Convention of Baltimore, nominated a *straight rebel* ticket in which conservatism was not only completely ignored but was openly scouted, as the following record of the candidates most clearly shows:

Bartol, the candidate for the [illegible] ready, was arrested during the [illegible] alleged disloyalty, and imprisoned at Fort McHenry. Among other candidates for Judges, who were all actively and sympathizers with the Rebellion, are Purkin Scott, a member of the [illegible] Legislature of 1861, who [illegible] McClellan's orders, committed to Fort [illegible]; G. W. Dobbin, counsel for Lieut. [illegible] Board; Tremlin, the bridge-burner; [illegible] Gilmor, a brother of the notorious [illegible] Gilmor, C. W. Pinckney, who is alleged to have been in the Rebel army on Lee's staff; and Gorsy, a member of the Constitutional Convention. The candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, Hoffman, was Clerk for the State Police Board in 1861, and went South, and returned after Lee's surrender. The Maryland Democrats have joined hands to-day with their brethren of Kentucky in awarding position to the champions of the Lost Cause. Conservatism was entirely ignored, and the claims of none but straight out and out rebels considered.

PREPARING FOR ROUGHS!!!

Governor Swan of Maryland made a requisition a short time ago on General Grover-cleaven, to arm his rebel militia. Governor promptly refused to give United States artillery to Swan's rebels. Gov. Swan has since purchased artillery elsewhere sufficient to fully equip his rebel forces. Every loyal man whether in Maryland or out believes that this arming of the militia means mischief. All the signs of the times indicate that these forces are being armed to assist Andy Johnson in any usual scheme of revolution that he may be seeking during the fall Republican ticket and assisting to roll up an overwhelming majority against Andy Johnson and his rebel policy.

WHO PRACTISE ECONOMY?

Under Democratic rule our state debt increased continually for years until it exceeded SEVEN MILLIONS when the Republican party came into power. Ever since that time it has continually decreased at the rate of a million or more per year and in the past year nearly TWO MILLIONS have been paid off. At the same time the low taxing system has been repealed and yet the amount of the debt yearly paid off has been kept increasing each year. Taxpayers, if you want your taxes lightened and the state debt rapidly paid off vote the whole republican ticket.

DON'T FORGET.

Don't forget that Wm. P. Schell, during the war publicly proclaimed that he was a Northern man with Southern principles, and that he would sooner see the rebellion succeed, than that slavery should be abolished. He was a rebel now as then and is unfit to be trusted with any office of profit or trust among loyal men. Make treason odious by voting against Wm. P. Schell.

REMEMBER, when you go to the polls that Ed. P. Kerr, the Copperhead candidate for District Attorney, has publicly declared that he would sooner see Jeff. Davis in Congress than the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens. Rebels every where hail Stevens for the part he took in putting down the rebellion.

NINE pledges are a great matter, no doubt. (There is a magnetic power in the number nine.) They ought to be enough to keep Mr. Schell straight if he gets to the Legislature. Probably they will be, *if* he gets there. And this in spite of his intimate personal relations with *Thomas A. Scott the Vice President of the Penna. Railroad, the man who is so potent at Harrisburg in getting Legislation through for the Monopoly.* Yet against this ostentatious array of pledges the people have the acts and votes of Messrs. Weller and Richards. Men's honest deeds ought to be as good as other mens honest words. There is an old song

"Words are but air, and air but breath
How strong so e'er you make them."

And we dont imagine that the Republicans of this district will be induced by any number of pledges, although he would make ninety and nine of them, to forget Mr. Schell's record during the War.

COPPERHEADS VERSUS A FREE RAILROAD LAW.—Eight of the ten Copperhead Senators in the Legislature last winter voted against the Free Rail Road Law. Yet when election time comes round their candidates have the brazen faced impudence to profess and pledge themselves to Free Rail Road men. Even Wm. P. Schell, though when in the Senate he was the pliant tool of the Central Rail Road company, now hopes by pledging himself to all sorts of rail road projects to dupe the people into a belief in his professions. The Pennsylvania Legislature may be a good place for adventurers to retrieve their fortunes, but they are not the men the people want. Vote for Richards and Weller who have shown themselves proof against the temptations of the "Monopoly."

THE *Gazette* publishes, with a tremendous hurrah-boy-story, the bill passed by the last Legislature prohibiting corporations from discriminating against persons on account of color, as if it were a terrible thing to allow colored persons to travel without contact with a low order of beings who like to drag every decent colored person down to their own level. We pity the creature who will be guilty of such nonsense towards God's rational creatures! He is a libel on humanity! If the slave system were in existence, and the author of this sentimental article could own one colored man, he would ride with him in his carriage, share him, dress him, sleep in the same room with him, but as a free man never! Oh, no! Such hypocrisy!

LET THE PEOPLE CHOOSE.—If a man makes a solemn contract with you to pay a debt in gold, is it honest in him to insist that you must take payment in paper? Judge Sharswood says no. Judge Williams says yes. Which of them do you prefer for Supreme Judge?—*Reading Gazette.*

Judge Sharswood says no such thing! He said CORPORATIONS AND GOVERNMENT OTHERWISE WERE CONSTITUTIONAL! This is the plain English of his opinion, and we dare successful contradiction. Nor has Judge Williams said what is here attributed to him. No one will go further to sustain the law of contracts than Judge Williams, and he, therefore, maintains that the obligations of the Government are both valid and constitutional.

WE have been informed from a most reliable source that the amount of the [illegible] which conservatism was not only completely [illegible] as the following record of the candidates most clearly shows:

Bartol, the candidate for the [illegible] ready, was arrested during the [illegible] alleged disloyalty, and imprisoned at Fort McHenry. Among other candidates for Judges, who were all actively and sympathizers with the Rebellion, are Purkin Scott, a member of the [illegible] Legislature of 1861, who [illegible] McClellan's orders, committed to Fort [illegible]; G. W. Dobbin, counsel for Lieut. [illegible] Board; Tremlin, the bridge-burner; [illegible] Gilmor, a brother of the notorious [illegible] Gilmor, C. W. Pinckney, who is alleged to have been in the Rebel army on Lee's staff; and Gorsy, a member of the Constitutional Convention. The candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, Hoffman, was Clerk for the State Police Board in 1861, and went South, and returned after Lee's surrender. The Maryland Democrats have joined hands to-day with their brethren of Kentucky in awarding position to the champions of the Lost Cause. Conservatism was entirely ignored, and the claims of none but straight out and out rebels considered.

PREPARING FOR ROUGHS!!!

Governor Swan of Maryland made a requisition a short time ago on General Grover-cleaven, to arm his rebel militia. Governor promptly refused to give United States artillery to Swan's rebels. Gov. Swan has since purchased artillery elsewhere sufficient to fully equip his rebel forces. Every loyal man whether in Maryland or out believes that this arming of the militia means mischief. All the signs of the times indicate that these forces are being armed to assist Andy Johnson in any usual scheme of revolution that he may be seeking during the fall Republican ticket and assisting to roll up an overwhelming majority against Andy Johnson and his rebel policy.

WHO PRACTISE ECONOMY?

Under Democratic rule our state debt increased continually for years until it exceeded SEVEN MILLIONS when the Republican party came into power. Ever since that time it has continually decreased at the rate of a million or more per year and in the past year nearly TWO MILLIONS have been paid off. At the same time the low taxing system has been repealed and yet the amount of the debt yearly paid off has been kept increasing each year. Taxpayers, if you want your taxes lightened and the state debt rapidly paid off vote the whole republican ticket.

DON'T FORGET.

Don't forget that Wm. P. Schell, during the war publicly proclaimed that he was a Northern man with Southern principles, and that he would sooner see the rebellion succeed, than that slavery should be abolished. He was a rebel now as then and is unfit to be trusted with any office of profit or trust among loyal men. Make treason odious by voting against Wm. P. Schell.

REMEMBER, when you go to the polls that Ed. P. Kerr, the Copperhead candidate for District Attorney, has publicly declared that he would sooner see Jeff. Davis in Congress than the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens. Rebels every where hail Stevens for the part he took in putting down the rebellion.

THE Cop vote in California falls 2,000 short of their vote last Fall. Queer gain, ain't it?

VOTE early and only once, that is all that will be necessary!

THE New York Constitutional convention on the 24 ult., adjourned over to the 12th of November.

IF you want the Poor House accounts to exhibit no more $10,000 deficits, vote for Ulery!

THOSE desiring the Poor House to be a decent resort for the poor and the helpless, will vote for Ulery!

FRIENDS, REPUBLICANS, examine every ticket, and be sure that the names of Richards and Weller are on every one!

GO to the polls early and dispatch persons for the aged and the infirm early in the day. Don't wait until it is too late.

ACTIONS speak louder than words. Remember that Richards and Weller voted straight and constantly against the Monopoly and in favor of a Free Rail Road law.

REPUBLICANS, go to the polls on next Tuesday and vote the Republican ticket from Judge Williams to Adam Ulery. The Cops will not scratch a single candidate.

THE reception given to Sheridan and Sickles, on last Friday evening, in Philadelphia, completely laid out the last remnant of Copperheadism. *Vale* Sharswood!

WHO ever heard of a negro slave having an unpleasant smell about him? It has only been discovered since he has become a freedman. It is a Copperhead discovery!

HIS that cries out against taxation desires to inaugurate repudiation. The latter follows the former as logically as rain descending from the clouds strikes the earth.

REPUBLICANS, watch carefully that class of men known as Deserters; they have no right to vote under the existing laws and our Court, at its last session, so decided.

THE Gazette intimates that the election in Pennsylvania will settle the question of Negro Suffrage in the Southern States. This is news! Yes, Gazette news!

SHALL the Poor House of Bedford county cost the Tax payers thousands of dollars annually, and then not be a decent receptacle for swine? Vote for Adam Ulery!

THE seattle looks of Pennsylvania require more legislation in favor of Wm. P. Schell than in favor of any other ten men in the county. Vote for Richards and Weller!

WHERE the Republicans are represented by sub-school districts let each sub-school district committee see that every Republican votes in the district is promptly brought out. Every vote should be cast by 12 o'clock.

THE fellows who said that Greenbacks would be taken in exchange for wood, coal &c. are now endeavoring to elect Sharswood to make their predictions good. Honest men, vote for Henry W. Williams.

THERE are a large number of local businesses in this county. If they desire to have their bonds bellowed mail and mail, they had better vote for Richards and Weller.

THE Copperheads have run the machine for many years in Bedford county, it is about time that we have some body to investigate the affairs of the Commissioners' office. Vote for Karns.

IF you want a District Attorney who drank toasts to Jeff. Davis during the war and proposed to raise the rebel flag in your midst, vote for Kerr. If not vote for Points.

ACTION on the part of Republicans is exemplified by the Johnson men as an indication of the disapproval of the people of the course of Congress. Let every vote be polled and all will be well.

SOMEBODY manufactured attack upon Rome has been sublimely frustrated. He was arrested by armor of the Italian Government on the morning of the 20th ult at Sienna while crossing the Roman frontier and brought to Florence under guard.

THE friends of the Union will notice that if the Republicans were safe about two years votes the adherents of Andy Johnson will claim it as a grin for his policy. Turn out, friends, and see that our vote does not fall below that of last Fall.

A CITIZEN was lately heard to say in a barber shop, allow a colored barber to lather his face! I'll see him first, pull his nose, shave him, or stand at his elbow while he cuts his throat, but he cannot endure the idea of saying in the same car with him. Out upon such hypocrisy!

THE Copperheads are maintaining very much of the quality of some of their leaders and blame them with having too many governments. Bonds. That's what's the matter. The Cops that have bonds know very well that if Judge Sharswood is elected their bonds will be endangered. If you desire to save your Bonds, vote for Hon. Henry W. Williams!

MR. SCHELL is embarrassed politically and financially; he expects the people to return him to the Legislature to retrieve his fortunes. Who ever heard of an honest representative making money? Richards and Weller go to the Legislature to represent their constituents, not to make fortunes. Vote for Richards and Weller.

WE prefer men who go to the Legislature to secure honest legislation. Things have come to a pretty pass when we are asked to send men to the Legislature because they are experts at trickery. Richards and Weller are honest!

WITHIN the last few days the Cops have gone under; they have crawled to boost or even to offer to "bet." they have given up all hope of electing Sharswood, and the last particle of enthusiasm has oozed out. Vote early for Williams!

THE INQUIRER discovered a year ago that Bedford county was $10,000 indebted to the State, who knows how many other items might be discovered if a Republican were in the Board of Commissioners. Vote for Karns!

THE poor creatures whose misfortune it is to be compelled to avail themselves of the hospitalities of the Bedford County Poor House, would be more comfortably entertained in a barrack. Those desiring a change will vote for Ulery!

JOHN T. RICHARDS and JOHN WELLER were all honor in the best Legislature for their honesty and integrity. Such men alone served it, if you want to see the next Legislature vote for Schell, if not, vote for Richards and Weller!

A COP tells us that he thought every body knew that William Kirk, Esq., would be elected Jury Commissioner, and that the man who didn't know better didn't take the papers! We heartily agree with him there, but must confess that we never suspected him of reading even the *Gazette*.

MR. SCHELL had no scruples about selling out to the Penna. Central Rail Road when he represented this district in the Senate. Will he do any better now with all his pledges? When the Devil was sick, the Devil a Saint would be, but when the Devil got well, Devil the Saint was he.

"WHO cares for Expenses?" Bell's sick!" the loss of ten thousand dollars to the taxpayers is of no account. When the Cops are fooling wealth and ward against now a "*Nigger equality*." They are afraid the "*nigger*" might get into office, and that the public funds might be safe.

SOLDIERS, will you vote for the candidates of a Party which four years ago was opposed to allowing volunteers the right to vote? Is there a single soldier so lost to all feeling of self-respect, and respect for his comrades in arms, who laid down their lives in the war so as to be found voting for the candidates of the Copperheads?

THE best way to settle the question of reconstruction is to elect Hon. Henry W. Williams to the Supreme Bench of this State. This action of the loyal people will satisfy to the contrary President at Washington that the loyal masses are determined to support Congress as against its usurpation. Vote for Williams!

FRIENDS of peace and liberty, remember that Andy Johnson threatens to forcibly prevent the meeting of Congress and assume a military dictatorship if the Copperheads carry the Pennsylvania election. If you do not wish to see a war begun by Andy Johnson in his efforts to make himself sole ruler of the country, vote the whole republican ticket.

DOES Wm. P. Schell expect to make money enough, if elected to the Legislature, to redeem the notes of rank that he duped the people of Bedford County into buying? If he does he has better pledge himself to do so. It would be a much more tempting bait than hypocritical Rail Road pledges. We could not resist a vote for him even then, but we could accommodate him with a little oil stock, very cheap.

LET our friends in the various boroughs and township hold meetings on Saturday or Monday night preceding the election, and after to each the work which is to be done on Tuesday following. By this means every one will know what devolves upon him, and all he will have to do will be to execute the work assigned to him, and all will be well. We earnestly urge upon our friends to attend to this matter without fail.

THE Legislature of Pennsylvania makes no appropriations for building railroads. How does Mr. Schell intend to raise money to build all the railroads he has already promised? Report says he has no money. Do Legislators appropriate none, and he's all the rest with the Central? Bah! it may be an electioneering scheme. Honest voters, it is nothing else! Vote for Richards and Weller!

IT is said that a high official of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad informed Mr. Schell as an anti-corruption agent, and then left him cool, and that, therefore, the said Mr. Schell is "mad as hell." Suppose the officer were to come to the relief of Mr. Schell, knowing one supposes for a moment that Mr. Schell would not find it convenient to support the Central? Certainly he would. He on your Free Railroad pledge, it is as idle as the winds! Vote for Richards and Weller!

THE friends of Mr. Schell say that he has been at daggers points with the representatives of the Pennsylvania Central Company for some time, and not that gentleman displays himself in favor of the early completion of the Southern Pennsylvania and Connellsville Road. Every body knows that the Central is building the road. How then can Schell do anything towards its completion? Vote for Richards and Weller.

BEDFORD COUNTY, COPS AND NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

COL. JOHN R. FILLER the only advocate of the Negro Suffrage in Bedford county is stumping the county for the Copperheads. We have not had the pleasure of hearing him and therefore cannot tell with how much zeal he advocates Negro Suffrage, but we hear his speeches highly praised by his Copperhead friends. So much for Negro Suffrage and Copperheadism in Bedford county.

DEMOCRACY AND THE NEGRO.

President Johnson and his Democratic-rebel friends are every day exposing their hypocrisy on the Negro question. Johnson has been almost begging some intelligent negro, Fred Douglass among the number, to take charge of the Freedmen's Bureau, expressing his willingness to remove Gen. Howard as soon as he can find a negro who will accept the position.

THE friends of Schell say that he built the Broad Top Railroad. Admit that he had a hand in it, but who realized the advantages? Mr. Schell, and parties for him, bought up all the lands along the route that were cut, and to have coal or iron on them, at a nominal price, and the poor honest farmer realized nothing, while on the other hand Mr. Schell pocketed everything. Farmers, are you ready to give Mr. Schell your lands to build your railroads. If not, vote for Richards and Weller!

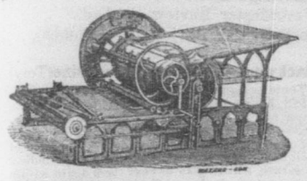
LET all good citizens who want the monetary affairs of the County and Poor House economically conducted remember that with three Democratic Auditors, and three Democratic Poor Directors, and a Democratic clerk, the whole were wrestling with both eyes, "open tight." *Eight* or ten thousand dollars, leaked out of the Poor House funds "unbeknown" to anybody. Hain't you better try a few Republicans, just to watch the other fellows and poke them up occasionally and keep THEM honest?

WE are credibly informed that when Schell went out to the Rail Road Monopoly the consideration was seventy-five thousand dollars. He intends this sale of his vote, as a Senator, on the ground that it was just for as a Railroad subscription to the Huntingdon and Broad Top Rail-road. The subscription to the road was only FIFTY THOUSAND dollars? Did the other TWENTY-FIVE thousand go into Mr. Schell's pocket? Does he hope to make it pay in this way again?

DON'T forget that W. P. Schell was one of the chief managers in the Bedford Railroad enterprise, in which you were induced to subscribe to promises that the money should be expended on the road between Mt. Dallas and Bedford. Remember that not a dollar was so expended and that while some of the subscribers were compelled to pay the last cent, the subscriptions of others, who happened to be in the ring, were cancelled without the payment of a dollar. Do you want to subscribe to any more bogus railroad promises, if not, vote for Schell! If not, vote for Richards and Weller!

THE Cops are at last desperate. By the same scheme they gave us Ohio by an honest majority, they give us Ohio by an honest majority, they give us Ohio by an honest majority, they give

Bedford Inquirer.



BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1867.

LOYAL MEN TO THE RESCUE!!

Shall Congress be Sustained and Loyal People Rule, or a Usurping President be Upheld and Vile Traitors Govern? Let the People Answer.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS

Union Republican Meetings will be held at the following places during the progress of the present compaign. It is earnestly hoped that the loyal men who sustained the Government during the struggle for Liberty and Union, and all who fought for the maintenance of the Right will participate, and hear the issues of the compaign fully discussed. Let every meeting be well attended!

PLEASANTVILLE, Friday Evening, Oct. 4, 6 o'clock p. m.

CENTREVILLE, Saturday, October 5, 3 o'clock p. m.

SCHELLSBURG, Saturday, October 5, 1 o'clock, p. m.

FOOT OF DRY RIDGE, Saturday, Oct. 5, 6 o'clock, p.m.

CLEARVILLE, Saturday Oct. 5, 2 o'clock p. m.

ARMSTRONG'S SCHOOL HOUSE, Monday Evening Oct. 7, 6 o'clock, p. m.

RAINSBURG, Monday Evening, Oct. 7, 6 o'clock, p. m.

IMLERS SCHOOL HOUSE, Monday, Evening Oct. 7, 6 o'clock, p. m.

By order of the Republican County Committee, J. H. LONGENECKER, Chm.
D. S. ELLIOTT, Secy.

DIRECTORY.—The following is a directory of the Officers of Bedford County and the Borough of Bedford, of the Ministers of Bedford, and the time of meeting of the different associations:

BEDFORD COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Hon. Alex. King.
Associate Judges—Wm. G. Eicholtz and Geo. W. Gump.
Prothonotary, Register and Recorder, &c.—O. E. Shannon.
District Attorney—E. F. Kerr.
Treasurer—George Mardorff.
Sheriff—Robert Steckman.
Deputy Sheriff—Philip Huzzard.
Deputy Surveyor—Samuel Ketterman.
Commissioners—Michael Wertz, Michael S. Ritchey and David Howsare. *Clerk*—John G. Fisher. *Counsel*—John W. Dickerson.
Directors of Poor—Samuel Beckley, D. R. Anderson and Michael Diehl. *Steward*—Samuel Bolbaugh. *Counsel*—E. F. Kerr. *Clerk*—T. R. Gettys. *Treasurer*—William Bowles. *Physician*—Dr. F. C. Reamer.
Auditors—David Evans, James Mattingly and John D. Lucas.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess—O. E. Shannon.
Assistant Burgess—Philip Huzzard.
Council—Thomas H. Lyons, John Boor, A. W. Mower, J. M. Shoemaker, Hiram Lentz and T. R. Gettys. *Clerk*—H. Nicodemus. *Treasurer*—John H. Rush.
Constable—William Gephart.
High Constable—Samuel Waters.
School Directors—Job Mann, S. L. Russell, T. R. Gettys, Jacob Reed, John Cessna and H. Nicodemus. *Secretary*—J. W. Lingenfelter. *Treasurer*—T. R. Gettys.

MINISTERS.

Episcopalian—Rev. Alfred J. Barrow.
Presbyterian—Rev. A. V. Schenck.
Lutheran—Rev. J. Q. McAttee.
Methodist—Rev. B. G. W. Reed.
German Reformed—Rev. H. Heckerman.
Roman Catholic—Rev. Thomas Heyden.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Bedford Lodge, No. 320, A. Y. M., meets on the first Wednesday on or before full moon, in the Bedford Hall, on the corner of Pitt and Richard streets.
Peace Branch Encampment, No. 114, I. O. O. F., meets on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, in the Bedford Hall.
Bedford Lodge, No. 202, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening, in the Bedford Hall.
Bedford Lodge, No. 148, I. O. G. T., meets in the Court House, on Monday evening of each week.

If you want NOTIONS go to Beakstresser's.

EPISCOPAL SERVICES.—There will be the usual services in the Court House, next Sabbath morning and evening.

Go to Berkstresser & Co's to buy CHEAP CLOTHING.

A LARGE LOT of second hand Cook, Ten plate and Parlor stoves for sale low, at B. M. Blymyre & Co's.

Go to Berkstresser & Co's to buy GOOD CLOTHING.

ANY person desiring a Scholarship of the Quaker City College, Philadelphia, one of the best Business Colleges in the United States, can be supplied, on reasonable terms, by applying to us.-tf.

Go to Berkstresser & Co's to buy PAPER COLLARS.

JOHN BROWN CAPTURED.—John Brown, the notorious black rascal who assaulted the young lady at the wire bridge, about ten days ago, has been captured and lodged in jail. Capt. P. G. Morgret, of Bloody Run, overhauled him in Snake Spring Valley, and brought him to town on Wednesday.

Buy the CLOTH LINED FINISH PAPER COLLAR at Berkstresser's.

FIRE.—The stable attached to lot of Mr. John Little, took fire on Sabbath afternoon, and was entirely consumed before the flames could be arrested. The loss amounts to nothing more than the value of the building, which was a small one, and some hay and feed which had been stored in it.

If you want HATS go to Berkstresser's.

ANY person desiring a life Scholarship in any one of Bryant, Strattan & Co.'s chain of National Commercial Colleges, can be supplied by applying to this office. These are the finest Commercial Colleges in America. Price $40, from which we will deduct 25 per cent. tf

If you want CAPS go to Berkstressers.

FOUL ASSAULT.—Colonel G. W. Z. Black, editor of the Frederick *Republican*, was assaulted in a cowardly manner in the streets of Frederick City, one day last week by Edward Nelson, who took umbrage at an article which appeared in the *Republican*, criticising the course of his father, Judge Nelson. Armed with a club and pistol, he assaulted the Colonel, but failed to inflict the slightest injury and hurriedly left an unglorious field.

If you want GLOVES go to Berkstresser's.

THE FAIR—FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED.—B. M. Blymyre & Co., call attention to their large and cheap stock of stoves, consisting in part of the celebrated ornamental cook, Prince Royal, and spears Anti-Dust cooking stoves, Gas Burner Parlor stoves, latest improvement of Fire Board stoves and Heaters, all of which they intend to sell cheap for cash. Give them a call.

If you want NECKTIES go to Berkstressers.

SABBATH SCHOOL PIC NIC.—About four months since a few persons, anxious for the Glory of the Redeemer and for the good of those around them, established a Union Sabbath School at Maj. Burn's School House in Juniatia Tp. Into this school about forty children have been gathered, many of whom never saw such a school before.

Under the Superintendency of Mr. McKinney the school has prospered, the attendance of the scholars has been regular, a good work is evidently being done and those who undertook it, have much reason to be encouraged.

For the benefit of the scholars a Pic Nic was given on Thursday Sept. 19th in a shady grove near the school house. As the day was fair, the surroundings inviting, the scene novel, old and young appeared on the ground at an early hour, prepared for the enjoyments of the day.

Seats were arranged for the school and a stand erected for the speakers. The exercises were opened with singing and prayer. Short addresses were then delivered by Rev's N. H. Skyles and J. H. Donaldson. After which those present quartered around a table bountifully spread by the friends of the school and when all were fed, there were taken up of fragments some baskets full.

When the provisions were discussed, "the children of larger and smaller growth" scattered about among the trees to spend the remainder of the day as inclination and circumstances might suggest. ONE PRESENT.

DEATH OF CAPT. F. M. HAFER.—A correspondent from Dorchester county, Md., sends us the melancholy intelligence of the death of Capt. F. M. Hafer late of the 2nd Pa Cavalry, who died at Baltimore on the 17th ult. Capt. Hafer was born and reared in Cumberland Valley in this county, enlisted as a private in the 2d Cavalry early in the war, was afterward promoted to Captain, in which capacity he served gallantly until the close of the war. Some time after his return to this county he removed to the West, but his health failing him, he returned to his old home, and shortly afterwards moved to Dorchester county, Md., where he resided at the time of his death, being in Baltimore at the time on business. He leaves a wife and child and large circle of relatives and friends to mourn his untimely death. "Pence to the hero's ashes!

If you want to be Happy buy your goods at Berkstressers,

A GENTLEMAN of great medical knowledge says that a more genial, wholesome and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recommends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulant, and is equally adapted to young and old. Persons of sedentary habits, like clergymen, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females are particularly benefited by its use. 2t.

INFORMATION is wanted in regard to th time when, place where and circumstances under which Peter Shedron, late a private in Company H, 22nd Regiment of Pennsylvania Cavalry volunteers was *wounded*, and from the effects of which he died at Fredrick City, Maryland, on or about the 5th day of July, 1864. Shedron became detached from his command while on a retreat from Martinsburg, Virginia, on the 3d of July, 1864 and joined a wagon train going through to Fredrick City. Any person acquainted with the facts in the case will confer a great favor upon his widow and orphans by communicating them to the editors of the INQUIRER. tf.

The Truth about Dyspepsia.

Whoever says that dyspepsia is incurable, tells a—that is to say, makes an egregious mistake. More than ten thousand aggravated cases have been cured by HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, while the number that have been prevented from coming to a head, by the same means, is incalculable. In this season of the year, when the appetite is sometimes too vigorous for the comfort and safety of the stomach, indigestion is most prevalent and most distressing. Is the appetite to be balked to accommodate the digestive organs? Not so; for then the frame would lack its due proportion of nutriment. The thing to be done is to STRENGTHEN THE STOMACH, tone the liver, and put the bowels in perfect order. Nothing will do this so effectually, so rapidly, so quietly, so pleasantly, as HOSTETTER'S BITTER'S. This potent preparation trims and balances the system, and clothes it as it were, with defensive armor. Chronic dyspepsia, liver complaint, and fever and ague are never known to attack those who are wise enough to invoke the aid of this great preventive. oct4

Dr Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup.

This great medicine cured by Dr. J. H. Schenck the proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. Schenck makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has large concourse of patients, and it is truly astonishing to see poor consumptives that have to be lifted out of their carriages, and in a few months healthy, robust persons. Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are generally all required in curing Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. Schenck, but when it is convenient it is best to see him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer his fee is three dollars.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers' price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. All letters for advice should be addressed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Colins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.
16:3dweamly.

☞A new Grover & Baker $55 Sewing Machine for sale—one half cash and the balance in a reasonable time. Apply to Box 61, Bedford. tf.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price. 2t

RATIONS COMMUTED!—*Heirs of deceased prisoners entitled to Commutation of Rations*—The heirs of prisoners who died in any of the Southern prisons are entitled to recover the Commutation for Rations provided by Act of Congress approved March 2, 186⁷. Widows, children and parents who are entitled to Ration money can procure it by applying to Durborrow & Lutz.-tf.

MARRIED.

Aug. 14th, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. G. Ferguson, Mr. ADAM WIGFIELD, of Bloody Run, to Miss ELIZA BELL BAUGHMAN, of West Providence.

By the same, at Ott's Hotel in Bloody Run, Sept. 1st, Mr. GEORGE KEITH to Miss LEVINA FOSTER, all of Wells' Valley.

By the same, at the M. E. Parsonage, in Bloody Run, Sept. 11th, Mr. JOHN FAXSON, of Saxton, to Miss SUSAN DAVIS, of West Providence.

By the same, at the residence of the bride's father, Sept. 15th, Mr. ROZELL JACKSON, to Miss MARTHA HANKS, all of Brush Creek Valley, Fulton co., Pa.

DIED.

At his residence, near Bedford, on the 21st day of September, Major JOS. SELLERS, in the 76th year of his age.

Our deceased friend was a fast prisoner to a disease of protracted and intense sufferings, during the latter years of his life. For many months he was deeply sensible of his daily sinking with weakness. He felt, and expressed himself, as "being suffered by Providence to continue in that condition, that he might be perfected through such trials and be prepared for eternity." His patience, and resignation to that will were well marked by all who had the privilege of conversing with him in last days. But at length the long looked for hour came, and he departed from the troubles of the flesh and entered on his rest.

He was a consistent member of the Evangelical Lutheran Church—and much esteemed and loved by a large circle of friends and acquaintances, as the unusual attendance, that followed his remains to their last resting place, testifies. M.

18 STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Snake Spring township, on or about the 15th of July last, eighteen head of Sheep. Ten old ones and eight lambs. Some have marks and others none. The owner will pay the usual charges and take them away.
oct4;3t BENJ. R. ASHCOM.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Leiters Testamentary upon the last will &c., of Ann Catharine Dannaker, late of the Borough of Schellsburg, dec'd, having been issued by the Register of Bedford county to the subscriber, he gives notice to all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased to make payment; claims against the estate properly authenticated, should be presented by claimants immediately. ABRAHAM B. BUNN.
oct4:6t Executor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—*Estate of William Lane, dec'd.*—The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of John Mower and S. L. Russell, Esqrs., Administrators "de bonis non" with the will annexed of William Lane, dec'd, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bedford, on Tuesday the 15th day of October, 1867, when and where all persons interested can attend if they think proper. G. H. SPANG,
oct4 Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—*Estate of Paul Rhodes, dec'd.*—The undersigned having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of George Smith and Jacob Law, administrators of the estate of Paul Rhodes, late of Middle Woodberry township, deceased, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday the 16th day of Oct. A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock a. m.
oct 4 HAYES IRVINE, Auditor.

LEWIS KEITH, Jacob Carper, S. K. Brumbaugh, and their successors in office, Auditors of Middle Woodberry township, vs. Wm. M. Pearson, Treasurer of Middle Woodberry township. } In the Common Pleas of Bedford co., No. 37, Sept. Term, 1867.

The undersigned will meet the parties interested at the house of Judge Eicholtz in Woodberry, on Thursday the 24th day of October, instant, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of enamining and testati g accounts, and taking testamony—when ar d where all interested can attend.
oct4:3t JNO. P. REED, Auditor.

George Solesby vs. Susan Solesby. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, No. 15, Sept. T. 1867.

Subpœna in Libel for Divorce, Sept 2, 1867. On motion, alias Subpœna awarded, and Hayes Irvine appointed Commissioner to take testimony, &c., and make return to said Court at next term.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioner, appointed as above stated, will attend to the duties of his said appointment at his office, in Bedford, on Friday the 18th day of October, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested may attend if they think proper. HAYES IRVINE,
oct4:3t Commissioner.

Mary A. Morris, by her next friend vs. James Morris. } In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Bedford, No. 16, Sept. T., 1867; Subpœna on Libel for Divorce.

Sept. 2, 1867. On motion, alias subpœna awarded and Hayes Irvine appointed Commissioner to take testimony, &c, and make return to said Court at next Term.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Commissioner appointed as above stated, will attend to the duties of his said appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday the 16th day of October, A. D. 1867. When and where all persons interested may attend.
HAYES IRVINE,
oct 4: Commissioner.

TEACHER'S EXAMINATIONS.

The annual examinations of Teachers will be held as follows: For East Providence, (Householder's S. H.) Saturday, Oct. 12. Union, (Moxes') Saturday, Oct. 19. St. Clair, (Eight Square,) Saturday, Oct. 26. Bedford Borough and Township, (Bedford,) Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 28 and 29. Londonderry, (Hog Back,) Wednesday, Oct. 30. Harrison (Buffalo Mills), Thursday, Oct 31. Juniata, (Buenna Vista,) Friday, Nov. 1. Schellsburg and Napier, (Schellsburg) Saturday, Nov. 2. Cumberland Valley, (Centreville) Monday, Nov. 4. Snake Spring (Hartley's) Tuesday, Nov. 5. Monroe (Clearville) Wednesday, Nov. 6. Bloody Run Borough and West Providence tp., (Bloody Run) Thursday, Nov. 7. Hopewell, Friday, Nov. 8. Saxton Borough and Liberty (Stonerstown,) Saturday, Nov. 9. Woodberry Middle, (Woodberry) Monday, Nov. 11. Woodberry South, (New Enterprise,) Tuesday, Nov. 12. Colerain, (Brick Church,) Thursday, Nov. 14. Southampton, (Adam's S. H.) Friday, Nov. 15. *Special Ex.* Bedford, Monday, Nov. 18, and Saturday, Nov. 23. No private examinations will be granted. Examinations begin at 9 A. M., when all wish to be examined must be present. None need apply except those who are prepared to stand an examination in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Geography, Grammar, Mental and Written Arithmetic, Theory of Teaching, and U. S. History.
H. W. FISHER, Co. Supt.
Bedford, Sept. 30.

LEWISTOWN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

T. B. REESE & CO., Pro's.

Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Portable and Stationary Saw Mills. Iron and Brass Castings made and fitted up for Mills, Factories, Forges, Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, &c. We call the attention of Tanners to our oven for burning tan under Steam Boilers.

TERMS REASONABLE. All orders by mail promptly attended to.

May 17, 6m. T. B. REESE & CO.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, BEST.

B. M. BLYMYER & CO. have the LARGEST STOCK OF STOVES, ever brought to Bedford.

B. M. BLYMYER & CO. have the CHEAPEST STOCK OF STOVES, ever brought to Bedford.

B. M. BLYMYER & CO. have the BEST STOCK OF STOVES, ever brought to Bedford.

CALL AND SEE THE MAMMOTH STOCK.

200 STOVES OF EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION.

50 SECOND HAND STOVES.

THEY Will NOT BE UNDERSOLD

TIN-WARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CHEAPER THAN the CHEAPEST.

Every body will please bear in mind that B. M. BLYMYER & CO., sell CHEAPER goods, in their line, than can be sold by any one else in Bedford. Remember the place

NO. 1. STONE ROW.
oct.4:tf.

ENTERPRISE MACHINE WORKS.

H. D. SLAGLE & BRO., Proprietors.

O. R. DAVIS, Sup't.

IRON FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, and Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Portable and Stationary Saw Mills. Iron and Brass Castings made and fitted up for Mills, Factories, Forges, Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, &c. Manufacturers of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Logan street, LEWISTOWN, Pa.
Oct. 4

ESTRAY.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, living in Londonderry tp., Bedford co., on or about the 15th of July last, a RED COW, with spotted sides—no other marks, and supposed to be about 9 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.
Sept 27:3t LEVI CARPENTER.

COMMISSION DE LUNATICO INQUIRENDO.—The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford county, Commissioner to inquire whether Valentine Steckman, of West Providence township, is a lunatic or not, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bedford, on *Tuesday, the 15th day of October*, 1867, when all interested can attend. M. A. POINTS,
sep27:4t Commissioner.

HUNTINGDON & BROADTOP RAILROAD—On and after Thursday, Sept. 12, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

Accom	Mail.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS	Accom	Mail.
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE5.50	LE 8.00	Huntingdon,	AR9.45	AR4.47
6.12	8.20	McConnellstown	9.18	4.26
6.22	8.22	Pleasant Grove,	9. 8	4.18
6.41	8.48	Marklesburg,	8.48	4.03
7.00	9.03	Coffee Run,	8.33	3.48
7.10	9.11	Rough & Ready	8.23	3.41
7.25	9.22	Cove,	8.08	3.29
7.30	9.26	Fisher's Summit	8.03	3.25
AR7.48	AR 9.43	Saxton,	LE7.45	LE3.10
	LE 9.50			AR3.00
	10.10	Riddlesburg,		2.14
	10.18	Hopewell,		2.33
	10.34	Piper's Run,		2.18
	10.52	Tatesville,		1.49
	11.05	Bloody Run,		1.37
	AR 11.15	Mount Dallas.		LE 1.30

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE7.50	LE 10.00	Saxton,	AR 7.45	AR3.00
8.05	10.15	Coalmont,	7.30	2.45
8.10	10.20	Crawford,	7.20	2.35
AR8.20	AR 10.30	Dudley,	LE 7.15	LE2.30
		Broad Top City.		

May 10:67. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

A FINE FARM FOR SALE IN DUTCH CORNER!

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

The subscribers will sell all that fine farm in Bedford township, containing **180** acres, **95** of which are cleared and under excellent fence, and the balance, **95** acres, well timbered, adjoining lands of Charles Helsel, John Schnebly, and others. The buildings are a two and a half story LOG HOUSE and BANK BARN, with other out-buildings thereon erected. Water in every field, with an excellent Saw Mill seat. A splendid apple orchard also thereon. **Price $4000.**

TERMS: One third in hand and the balance in three annual payments with interest.
DURBORROW & LUTZ,
June 21, 1867:tf Real Estate Agents.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS

Forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for $80 to $600 each. Fifty-one Gold and Silver Medals, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York.
March 9: 1yr.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED to solicit orders for a new BIBLE DICTIONARY. Complete in one volume. This Dictionary embodies the results of the most recent study, research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of the kind in the English Language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this work, Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with *this*.

But, on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful, and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in canvassing every Town and County in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address,
PARMLEE BROTHERS,
sep6:6t. 722 Sansom street, Philadelphia.

IRON WATER PIPE.

HARTLEY & METZGER are now prepared to furnish all sizes of GALVANIZED IRON WATER PIPE at remarkably LOW rates. This pipe is pure, will last a *lifetime*, can be run in all directions, and is the very thing to carry that crystal spring right to your door.

Also, HYDRAULIC RAMS, FORCE PUMPS, BATH TUBS, &c. &c., furnished to order.

"BUCKEYE REAPERS."
"FARMER MOWERS."
RUSSELL REAPERS and MOWERS.

Green Castle Cradles, stacks of Scythes, Snaths, &c., and all kinds of tools for harvesting.
june14 HARTLEY & METZGER.

WANTED—A first class Teacher to take charge of the public schools at Saxton, by October 1st, 1867. E. A. FOCKLER, Sec.
C. W. MOON, Prest. sep26:3t.

CARD.—*To the Electors of Bedford, Fulton and Somerset Counties:*

I have been nominated for a seat in the Legislature, without any solicitation on my part, for the purpose, as I am informed, of advancing the rail-road, mining and other interests of the district. These considerations have induced me to accept the nomination.

In order that there may be no doubt as to my position, in the event of my election, I take this method of declaring my intentions:

1. I pledge myself to use all honorable means, for the advancement of your several interests.

2. I pledge myself to urge the passage of a fair and liberal free rail-road law,

3. I pledge myself to urge the immediate construction of the Southern Pennsylvania and Connellsville Rail Road, and in case that cannot be done,

4. I pledge myself to urge the passage of an independent charter for a rail road from Harrisburg to Pittsburg.

5. I pledge myself to urge the restoration of the charter of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Rail road Company.

5. I pledge myself to urge the incorporation and construction of such lateral rail roads as may be required in those three counties.

7. I pledge myself to urge the passage of a law, whereby all railroad companies shall be compelled to carry our local freights at fair and remunerative rates, and be prohibited from making a discrimination in favor of through against local freights.

8. I pledge myself to urge the development of our iron and coal, timber and agricultural interests, by inducing capital to seek investments in our district.

9. I pledge myself to vote for retrenchment and reform in the management of our public affairs.

I am very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. P. SCHELL.
Bedford, Sept. 16, 1867.-2t.

CASH BUYERS TAKE NOTICE AND SAVE YOUR GREENBACKS!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED, AT

Greatly Reduced Prices, At J. M. Shoemaker's Store.

Having just returned from the East, we are now opening a Large Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS, which have been bought for Cash at New Prices, and will be sold CHEAP. This being the only FULL STOCK of Goods brought to Bedford this season, persons will be able to suit themselves better in Style, Quality and Price than at any other store in Bedford.

The following comprise a few of our prices, viz:

CALICOES:

10, 12, 14, 15, 16, and the best at 18.

MUSLINS:

10, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, and the best at 22.

ALL WOOL FLANNELS from 40 cts. up.

FRENCH MERINOES, ALL WOOL DELAINES, COBURGS, &c.

Men's wear, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, JEANS, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES—In this article we have a very extensive assortment for Ladies, Misses, Children, Men and Boys, at all prices.

HATS—A large assortment of Men's and Boy's Hats.

CLOTHING—Men and Boy's Coats, Pants, and Vests, all sizes and prices.

PAPER COLLARS—Shakespeare, Lockwood, Linen-lined, &c.

COTTON CHAIN—Single and double, white and colored.

GROCERIES—Coffee, Sugar, Syrups, Green and Black Teas, Spices, of all kinds, Dye Stuffs, &c.

LEATHER—Sole Leather, French and City Calf Skins, Upper Leather and Kip, Linings, &c. &c.

We will sell Goods on the same Terms that we have been for the last three months,

CASH OR NOTE

with interest from date. No bad debts contracted, and no extra charges to good paying customers to make up losses on bad paying customers, or customers that never pay. Cash buyers always get the best Bargains, and their account is always settled up.

N. B. **10 per cent. saved** by buying your goods at

J. M. SHOEMAKER'S,
Cash and Produce Store,
No. 1, ANDERSONS' ROW.
June 28, 1867:6m

BLOODY RUN STILL AHEAD!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FALL & WINTER GOODS AT BLAKE'S CHEAP CASH STORE.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.

Hats,	Bonnets,
Ribbons,	Flowers,
Ornaments,	Millinery Goods,
Embroideries,	Handkerchiefs,
Trimmings,	Buttons,
Hosiery,	Gloves,
	Notions,

Fancy Goods, Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes, Groceries and Dry Goods, a full assortment of Confectionaries, &c. &c. Also, just received, a large stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which is being sold at wholesale prices.

MILLINERY WORK DONE TO ORDER.

Thankful for former liberal patronage, we hope to be able to merit a continuance of the same. Please call and see our new stock, and remember our terms are CASH.

CHARLES BLAKE.
Bloody Run, Sept. 27:3m.

HO! FOR THE FAIR!

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

The undersigned having made a very important discovery in Photography, is now enabled to reduce the price of all kinds of pictures **25 per cent.** less than former prices, and is willing to give his customers the benefit of such discovery.

A First Class Picture can now be had for **25 cents**, made of the best material and put up in the most substantial manner.

Photograph Albums in great variety, and cheaper than can be had at any other place in the county.

A large assortment of *GILT FRAMES, ROSEWOOD FRAMES, FANCY CASES, CORD AND TASSALS FOR FRAMES*, suitable for any style of picture, at reduced prices.

A superior lot of Gilt and Rosewood Moulding for Frames, just received, very low.

Persons desiring a good likeness of themselves will please call and examine his specimens before going elsewhere. T. R. GETTYS.
Bedford, Sept. 27:3mos

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.—Whereas, Peter Rowser, son and heir at law of John Rowser, late of Napier township, Bedford county, deceased, presented a petition setting forth that the said John Rowser, late died intestate, leaving a widow, Mary Rowser, and four children, to wit: Mrs. Elizabeth Rowser, residing in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, Peter Rowser, the petitioner, Rachael Rowser and John Rowser and seven Grand children, all except Elizabeth residing in Bedford county, Penn'a. That the said intestate died seized in his demesne as of fee and in the following described Real Estate, situate in Napier township, Bedford county, bounded by lands of Peter Rowser, Jacob W. Miller, Joseph Hewit's heirs and others, containing two hundred and fifty acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, and pray the Court to make partition of the premises aforesaid to and amongst the heirs. Whereupon the Court awarded an Inquest to make partition according to the prayer of the petioner.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition on the premisis on *Friday the 25th day of October, A. D.* 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.
ROBERT STECKMAN, Sh'ff.
Bedford, Sept. 27, 1867.

CATHARINE STIFFLER, by her next friend JOHN ALDSTADT, vs. MICHAEL STIFFLER. } In the Common Pleas of Bedford County. No. 243, Sep. Term, 1867. Alias subpœna in Libel for Divorce.

And, now, Sept. 2, 1867, the Court, on motion of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., grant a rule on Michael Stiffler, respondent in the above case, to show cause why a divorce *a vinculi matrimonii* should not be decreed. The said Rule returnable on Monday, November 18, 1867.
Attest: O. E. SHANNON, Pro't'y.
ROBERT STECKMAN, Sheriff.

To Michael Stiffler and all others interested.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioner, appointed by the Court, to take testimony in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bedford, on Friday, October 18, A. D. 1867, at ten o'clock A. M., when all interested can attend if they think proper. M. A. POINTS,
sep27:4t Commissioner.

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.
BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOW, D. D.

A work of real value, and an almost indispensable companion of the Bible, showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it; answering all the objections to its authenticity urged by modern infidels, and tracing the authority of each book up to its inspired authors, giving a vast amount of information heretofore locked up in very rare and costly volumes, making one of the most popular books ever published.

1000 AGENTS WANTED.

Experienced agents, clergymen, ladies, school teachers and others should send at once for circulars giving further information. Address,
ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
501 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sept. 27th 1867, 4mo.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed "To examine and settle the exceptions to the account of William Griffith, Adm'r of the Estate of Jesse Burket, dec'd correct the account and make distribution," will sit for that purpose, at his office, in Bedford, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. where and when all persons interested may attend if they think proper.
JOHN MOWER.
Sep. 27. Auditor

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Henry Ickes, jr., and Joseph Ickes, Administrators of Henry Ickes, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bedford, on *Wednesday, the 16th of October*, 1867, when all interested can attend if they think proper. M. A. POINTS,
sep27:3t Auditor.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed by the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Silas W. Sparks, Executor of the Estate of Solm Sparks, deceased, will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Bedford, on MONDAY the 14th day of October 1867 at ten o'clock A. M. when all interested can attend.
E. F. KERR
Sep. 27. Auditor.

DIVIDENDS.—Notice is hereby given that the annual premiums held by the policy holders of the Germania Life Insurance Company, will have a dividend declared thereon on the 8th of January next, for the years 1866-61-62-63 and 64, and yearly thereafter on all premiums.
M. A. POINTS, Agent
of the Germania Life Insurance Co., N. Y.
sep27:2t

AUDITORS NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed by the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of M. A. Points, Adm'r of the Estate of Pias Little, dec'd will attend for that purpose, at his office, in Bedford, on THURSDAY, the 17th day of October at ten o'clock A. M, when all interested can attend.
J. B. CESSNA,
Sep. 27. Auditor

BEDFORD BOROUGH BONDS *for* **$2,000.00** in four of $500.00 each, payable 8th July 1868, 1869, 1870 and 1871, with interest payable every six months, and free from taxation. These bonds can be had by any one desiring a safe investment by applying to
O. E. SHANNON, Chief Burgess,
sep20:3t Bedford, Pa.

WOOD WANTED.—Proposals for delivering 25, or more, cords of Wood, at the jail, will be received at once, at the Commissioners' office. Wood to be ranked and measured at the jail.
By order of the Commissioners.
sep20: JNO. G. FISHER, Clerk.

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.—The Assessors elected to make the Triennial Assessment, are requested to meet at the Commissioners Office, in Bedford, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of October next, to receive the books, instructions, &c. It is important that all be present at that time. By order of the Commissioners.
sep20 JNO. G. FISHER, Clerk.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified that my wife Louisa has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and I am therefore, determined to pay no debts of her contracting, and hereby caution the public against or harboring her on my account.
CASELTON AKE.
Union tp., Sept. 20:3t

BUY CHEAP AND SELL CHEAP,

Is the watch-word of G. R. & W. OSTER. They have just received a large assortment of Ladies' BOOTS and SHOES which they are selling VERY CHEAP.
Bedford, Aug. 23.:1m.

MONEY SAVED!

Intending to adopt the CASH SYSTEM October 1, 1867, and desirous of reducing our stock as low as possible before making Fall purchases, we will offer many great bargains for CASH! A. B. CRAMER & CO.
Aug. 8, 1867.

SPLENDID HOTEL AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber offers at Private Sale the splendid Hotel in Bloody Run, known as the "Morgret Hotel," situated in the western part of the town. This hotel possesses all the advantages of a good locality, and is, in every respect, a very desirable location. The house is built of brick and nearly new, and contains 13 rooms, and has attached a wash house and bake house; a good stable capable of holding 40 horses, large corn-crib, slaughter-house and other buildings. There is also attached two full lots of ground, fronting 97 feet on the Main street in the pl

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of said elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected, I, ROBERT STECKMAN, Sheriff of the County of Bedford, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Bedford, that a General Election will be held in said county, on the

Second Tuesday (8th day) of October, 1867, at the several election districts, viz:

The electors of the borough of Bedford and township of Bedford, to meet at the Court House in said borough.

The electors of Broad Top township and Coal Dale Borough to meet at the school house in the village of Coal Dale.

The electors of the borough of Bloody Run to meet at the house of Daniel B. Ott in said borough.

The electors of Colerain township to meet at the house of A. J. Pennell, in Rainsburg, in said township.

The electors of Cumberland Valley township to meet at the new school house erected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said township.

The electors of Harrison township to meet at the house of Jacob Feight2ar, in said township.

The electors of Juniata township to meet at Keyser's school house, in said township.

The electors of Hopewell township to meet at the school house near the house of John Dasher, in said township.

The electors of Londonderry township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill as a shop in Bridgeport, in said township.

The electors of Liberty township to meet at the school house in Stonerstown, in said township.

The electors of Monroe township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Carnell in Clearville in said township.

The electors of Schellsburg borough to meet at the brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Napier township to meet at the brick school house in the borough of Schellsburg.

The electors of East Providence township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, jr., in said township.

The electors of Snake Spring township to meet at the school house near the Methodist church on the land of John G. Hartley.

The electors of West Providence township to meet at the house of Philip Hollar, in said township.

The electors of St. Clair township to meet at Griffith's school House, in said township.

The electors of Union township to meet at the school house near Mowry's mill, in said township.

The electors of South Woodberry township to meet at the house of Samuel Oster near Noble's mill, in said township.

The electors of Southampton township to meet at the house of Wm. Adams, in said township.

The electors of Saxton Borough to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of Middle Woodberry township to meet at the house of Henry Fluke in the village of Woodberry.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot:

ONE PERSON for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania.

TWO PERSONS, in conjunction with the counties of Somerset and Fulton, for the office of Members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for the office of District Attorney for said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Treasurer for said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of County Commissioner for Bedford county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Poor Director of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of County Auditor for Bedford county.

TWO PERSONS for the office of Jury Commissioner for said county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislature, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of assembly entitled "an act relative to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, further provides as follows, viz:

"That the Inspector and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before 8 o'clock in the morning of the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER, and each said Inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place; and if any vacancy still continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election during the whole time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said Inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white citizen of the age of twenty-one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. *Provided*, That the white freemen, citizen of the United States, between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid tax.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished by the Commissioners, unless: First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and given such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the Inspector, and a note made opposite it hereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, and the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such a vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make a like note in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners, or his right to vote whether found thereon, or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election, and shall also swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove within the district for the purpose of voting.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election, under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block up or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force, or violence, with the design to influence unduly, or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be imprisoned for any time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward or district where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of an election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet."

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly approved the 13th day of March, 1866:

That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed, or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labelled, "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator, member, and members of assembly, if voted for, and members of congress, if voted for, and be labelled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at Bedford, on the Friday next following the holding of said election, then and there to perform those things required of them by law.

ELECTION OF JURY COMMISSIONERS.

I also make known that by an Act entitled "An Act for the better and more impartial selection of persons to serve as jurors in each of the counties of this Commonwealth," approved the 16th day of April, A. D. 1867, it is directed as follows:

"That at the general election, to be held on the second Tuesday of October, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty seven, and triennially thereafter, at such election, the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall elect, in the manner now provided by law for the election of other county officers, two sober, intelligent and judicious persons, to serve as jury commissioners in each of said counties, for the period of three years ensuing their election; but the same person, or persons, shall not be eligible for re-election more than once in any period of six years: PROVIDED, That each of said qualified electors shall vote for one person only as jury commissioner: and that the two persons having the greatest number of votes, for jury commissioner, shall be duly elected jury commissioners for such county.

Given under my hand, at my office in Bedford, this 2d day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven and in the ninety-second of the Independence of the United States.

ROBERT STECKMAN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, }
Sept. 6, 1867. }

TO ADVERTISERS:

THE BEDFORD INQUIRER.

PUBLISHED

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,

BY

J. R. DURBORROW & JOHN LUTZ,

OFFICE ON JULIANA STREET,

BEDFORD, PA.

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

IN

SOUTH-WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

CIRCULATION OVER 1500.

HOME AND FOREIGN ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED ON REASONABLE TERMS.

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

JOB PRINTING:

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE

WITH

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,

AND IN THE

LATEST & MOST APPROVED STYLE,

SUCHAS

POSTERS OF ANY SIZE,

CIRCULARS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS,

BALL TICKETS,

PROGRAMMES,

CONCERT TICKETS,

ORDER BOOKS,

SEGAR LABELS,

RECEIPTS,

LEGAL BLANKS,

PHOTOGRAPHER'S CARDS,

BILL HEADS,

LETTER HEADS,

PAMPHLETS,

PAPER BOOKS,

ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC.

Our facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing are equalled by very few establishments in the country. Orders by mail promptly filled. All letters should be addressed to

DURBORROW & LUTZ.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF JUDGMENT and Promissory Notes, either with or without waiver of exemption, for sale at this office nov 2-66

TO CAPITALISTS.

I have for sale, on easy terms, over **200,000 Acres of Farming, Timber, and Mineral Lands,** situate in Bedford, Centre, Clearfield, Fulton, Huntingdon, Somerset, Westmoreland, and other counties, in Pennsylvania, which will be sold in tracts ranging from 100 to 10,000 acres:

FARMS: Several fine limestone farms near Bedford.

FARMING LANDS: With limestone and red slate soils.

TANNERIES, and five sites for same, with large tracts of rock oak timber.

FURNACES AND FORGES, and sites for same, with large tracts of timber and iron ore lands.

WATER PRIVILEGES, on never failing streams.

IRON ORES: Bog, Specular, Fossil and Hematite. Fossil vein from 2 to 5 feet thick. Hematite bed from 10 to 40 feet thick.

COAL AND COLLERIES: Collieries in full operation, with houses, shutes, tracks, cars, &c. Undeveloped Coal Lands with a seam 20 feet thick. Also, gas, cannel and anthracite coal lands.

TIMBER: Large tracts covered with white and yellow pine, spruce and hemlock, red, white and rock oak, chesnut, walnut, locust, cherry, poplar, &c. &c. Also, Steam Saw Mills.

FIRE CLAY, of superior quality for making fire brick.

SAND STONE, of pure quality, for making glass, &c.

ALSO, farms and farming, timber and mineral lands in all Western, Southern and Pacific States, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland.

WILLIAM P. SCHELL,
Attorney at Law,
July 19:3m Bedford, Pa.

[Chartered with Ample Powers.]

LEBANON VALLEY COLLEGE.

The second Collegiate year will commence ON MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1867.

This Institution has been Chartered by the Legislature of the State with full Collegiate powers, and the following courses of Study, in which it is proposed to graduate Students, have been adopted, viz:

An Elementary Course for Teachers (*B. E.*).
A Scientific Course, (*B. S.*).
A Ladies' Course, (*M. A.*).
A Classical Course, (*A. B.*).
A Biblical Course (*B. B. S.*).

The School is intended to supply a great public want and instruction is given in all branches of a common, a liberal, or an ornamental education. There is a primary or model school connected with the Institution, and also a Commercial Course, so that Students of any grade will be received and will be put into suitable Classes. With superior accommodations, first-class teachers, a location not excelled by any in accessibility and healthfulness, and in the general morals of the community, we offer to parents and guardians a pleasant home, where their children and wards will be properly cared for and will be subjected to the best training.

EXPENSES:

For Boarding, Washing, Light Fuel, and Tuition, with furnished room, for Fall Term of 18 weeks.....$88.50
Instrumental Music..... 18.00
Double Entry Book Keeping, (in classes).... 15.00
Painting and Fancy Work, at usual rates.

For catalogue and further particulars, address Rev. T.R. VICKROY, A. M., President,
Dec. 14:66:1yr Annville, Lebanon co., Pa.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS

Are still ahead of all competitors and stand unrivalled in POWER, PURITY OF TONE and BRILLIANCY, and all other points which go to make a first class instrument.

The "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is the greatest of all modern improvements on reed instruments. It CHARMS and SURPRISES all who hear it, by its wonderful resemblance to the HUMAN VOICE. Do not confound this with the common tremolo in use. It is entirely different, and far superior to any other.

For sale wholesale and retail by.

E. M. BRUCE,
18 N. Seventh Street, Philadelphia.

☞ Send for descriptive circular and price list.

The effect of your "TREMOLO" is entirely new to me, and is certainly the *best* I ever heard.—*Geo. W. Morgan.* (The Blind Organist of America.

No TREMOLO has yet been invented that will in any degree compare with this for beauty of effect. In fact, it seems to me to be absolutely perfect.—*Wm. A. Johnson, Pipe Organ Builder.*

ESTEY'S Cottage Organs are without a superior for exceedingly quick articulation and round tone—the essential features in instruments of this class.—*Geo. Jardine, Pipe Organ Builder.*

The Cottage Organ is the best of its class I ever saw, and the best adapted for church music of any in use.—*C. Heintz, Organist, Findlay, O.*

I am much pleased with the Cottage Organ which I purchased from you; it combines sweetness and power in an unusual degree, and is quite a favorite in our family circle.—*Bishop Simpson.*

We know of no organs of the class which possess so many valuable qualities.—*Independent.*

For the parlor, its sweetness is remarkable: for the church it has a power more organ-like than anything we have seen.—*Methodist.*

Persons wishing to purchase an organ are requested to examine the Esty instruments now in use at the Presbyterian and Episcopal Church, Bedford. July 12 1867 2m

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber wishing to move West, will sell the Farm whereon he now resides, situated on the waters of the Raystown Branch of the Juniata, in Napier township, Bedford county, Pa., ten miles west of Bedford, and 2½ miles south of Schellsburg, containing **377 acres** and 8 perches, with a large double Log House, weatherboarded, large double Log Barn, with other outbuildings, thereon erected. Also, a good Tenant House on the upper end of the Farm. About 240 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered. About 230 acres of this land is of the best Sandy Bottom, good for either wheat, corn or grass. The balance is slate land, very good for wheat. The Drove Road passes by the door. The track of the Southern Pennsylvania Railroad passes through the farm, within a short distance of the house. There is a fine young orchard of choice fruit near the house; also, a good sugar camp on the farm, and water in nearly every field. Any person wishing to purchase a No. 1 farm will do well to look at this one, as it is one of the best for either a grain or stock farm in this part of the State. Persons wishing to look at the property can do so by calling on the subscriber living on the premises.

G. W. WILLIAMS.

August 23:3m.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WILLIAM T. HOPKINS.

"OUR OWN MAKE,"

After more than Five Years experience and experimenting in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt, and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop Skirts should make a note of this fact. *EVERY LADY WHO HAS NOT GIVEN THEM A TRIAL, SHOULD DO SO WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY.*

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size, for Ladies, Misses and Children, Also, Skirts made to order, altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkins' Own Make," and be not deceived. See that the letter "H" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "*W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH ST., PHILAD'A.*," upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hand a full line of good New York and Eastern made Skirts, at very low prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

At the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium, No. 628 ARCH St., PHIL'A.
March 15, 1867.10mo

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 14th of August, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of William Spidle of Bloody Run, in the county of Bedford, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assigns of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of John Cessna, Esq., in Bedford, Bedford County, State of Pennsylvania, before HASTINGS GREN, Register, on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1867, at 11 o'clock a. m.

THOS. A. ROWLEY,
aug23:3t. U. S. Marshal.

A SPLENDID ARTICLE of Blank Deeds on the best parchment paper, for sale at the Inquirer office.
Nov 28, 166

VALUABLE TRACTS OF LAND FOR SALE.

The subscribers offer at private sale the following valuable tracts of land, viz:

No. 1. The undivided half of a tract of land, containing 227 acres, situate on the south-east side of the Broad Top Mountain, lying partly in Bedford and partly in Fulton county, and adjoining lands of Samuel Danner, James Brinhurst and Wishart's heirs. TWO VEINS OF COAL, one 5½ feet, the other 6½ feet in depth have been discovered on this tract.

No. 2. A tract of 230 acres near the above, adjoining the same lands, and supposed to contain the same veins of coal.

No. 3. A tract of 400 acres, within two and a half miles of the above tracts, lying on the North side of the Harbor across the mountain, well timbered with oak and pine.

May 3,-tf. DURBORROW & LUTZ.

NEW FANCY AND MILLINERY STORE

UNPARALLELED ATTRACTION!

MRS. BORDER & CO.,

(at the store lately occupied by Mrs. Carn & Co.,) have just received the best assortment of FANCY, DRY AND MILLINERY GOODS that has ever been brought to this place, which they will sell VERY LOW FOR CASH; consisting, in part, of

PERSIAN TWILLS,
WOOL DE LAINES,
PURE MOHAIR LUSTRES,
DE LAINES,
CALICOS,
MUSLINS,
WHITE COLORED CAMBRICS,
SACKING FLANNELS,
CLOTH FOR SACKS, &c.,
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHAWLS,
NOTIONS, in great variety, Kid, Beaver, Buck, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves; Lamb's Wool, Merino and Cotton Hose, for Ladies and Gentlemen; Dress Buttons and Trimmings in great variety, Paper and Linen Cuffs and Collars for ladies and gents. Worsted and Cotton Broiding, Braids, Velvet Ribbons, black and bright colors, Crape Veils, and Silk Tissue for Veils; Hopkins' "Own Make" Hoop Skirts, all sizes; G. W. Laird's Bloom of Youth, for the complexion, &c.

MILLINERY GOODS OF ALL KINDS,

consisting of Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Laces, Flowers, &c. ☞ Millenery work done on short notice, in the neatest and latest styles.

☞ Call and see for yourselves before buying elsewhere. We will show our goods with pleasure free of charge. [May1'63m.]

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

BRYANT, STRATTON & KIMBERLY'S

Cor. 10th and Chestnut Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

YOUNG MEN

prepared for the Counting Room and Business Life in General.

THEORY AND PRACTICE

combined by means of Banks, Business Houses and the use of all kinds of Business Paper.

THIS INSTITUTION

is endorsed by the leading business men of the City.

STUDENTS RECEIVED AT ANY TIME.

COLLEGE OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

For particulars send for circulars.

aug30:3m

NEW ARRIVAL. JUST RECEIVED AT

M. C. FETTERLY'S FANCY STORE,

STRAW HATS and BONNETS,

STRAW ORNAMENTS,

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

MILLINERY GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES and HANDKERCHIEFS,

BEAD TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

WHITE GOODS,

PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS,

BALMORALS and HOOP SKIRTS,
FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
LADIE'S and CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Our assortment contains all that is NEW and DESIRABLE,

Thankful for former liberal patronage, we hope to be able to merit a continuance from all our customers. Please call and see our new stock.

May 31.

FOR SALE.

We take pleasure in offering to the public the following tracts of excellent land for sale at very reasonable prices. Persons wishing to buy will do well to consult us before purchasing, and those having lands to sell will find it to their advantage to avail themselves of our reasonable terms

No. 1. North-west fractional one-fourth of the North-west one-fourth of section 6, in township 80, North of range 4, Cedar county, Iowa 39 87-100 acres, Prairie land. Price $350.

No. 2.—N. E. one-fourth 8, in township 85, range 45, in Monona county, Iowa. 160 acres Prairie land. Price $900.

No. 3.—N. E. one-fourth of the N. W. one-fourth section 22, in township 38, North of range 22, in Pine county, Minnesota. 40 acres timber land. Price $200.

No. 4. A good farm, situate in Pleasant Valley, Bedford township, five miles from Bedford, now in the occupancy of William H. Nycum, containing 100 acres, more or less, about sixty acres cleared and under excellent fence, 18 acres of bottom meadow, and the balance well timbered, with a splendid double dwelling house, barn and other out-buildings. A well of excellent water near the door; also, a good young orchard. This is an excellent opportunity to procure a good farm near Bedford, convenient to churches and good schools. Price $30 per acre.

DURBORROW & LUTZ,
Real Estate Agents,
Feb. 1, 1867. Bedford, Pa.

DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW —AND— REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

Those who desire to sell or buy land or lands will find this agency an excellent medium through which to accomplish their object. All lands offered for sale are duly registered, likewise the applications to buy, and those who desire to sell and those who desire to purchase are brought together with comparatively little delay, trouble or expens

Persons desiring to use this agency can apply to us personally or by letter. july 13.

D. W. CROUSE
WHOLESALE TOBACCONIST,

On Pitt street two doors west of B. F. Harry's Drug Store, Bedford, Pa., is now prepared to sell by wholesale all kinds of CIGARS. All orders promptly filled. Persons desiring anything in his line will do well to give him a call.

Bedford, Oct 20. '65.,

SPLENDID OPENING OF SPRING & SUMMER GOODS AT FARQUHAR'S BARGAIN STORE, REED'S BUILDING.

CALICOES.
GOOD—12½ cts. BEST—18 cts.

MUSLINS.
BROWN—10 cts. BEST—20 cts.
BLEACHED, 10 cts. BEST, 25 cts.

DELAINES.
BEST STYLES, 25 cts.

DRESS GOODS.
ALL KINDS, very cheap. MEN'S & BOY'S

COTTONADES.
GOOD & CHEAP. A large stock of FANCY ALL WOOL

CASSIMERES.
ASTONISHINGLY CHEAP.

BOOTS & SHOES.
MEN'S AND BOY'S HATS.

GROCERIES.
BEST COFFEE, 30 cts. BROWN SUGAR, from 10 to 15 cts. MACKEREL AND POTOMAC HERRING.

QUEENSWARE.
AND A GENERAL VARIETY OF NOTIONS.

Buyers are invited to examine our stock, as we are determined to sell CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

J. B. FARQUHAR.

May17,'67.

THE QUAKER CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Corner Fifth & Chestnut Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

The most complete and thoroughly appointed Commercial School in the Country.

Conducted upon the best system of Instruction, and offering advantages of the highest order in every Department.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN

Who desire Success and Promotion in Business Life.

PRACTICAL EDUCATION FOR THE TIMES.

The Commercial Course embraces Book Keeping, Commercial Calculations, Penmanship, Correspondence, Business Forms, Customs of Trade, Commercial Law, the Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, &c. This Course may be completed in three months.

DIPLOMAS

Awarded to Graduates, under seal and by authority of law, this being a regularly

INCORPORATED COLLEGE,

and the only one with similar powers in the State, or in the United States.

OTHER BRANCHES,

Telegraphing, the Higher Mathematics, Engineering, Surveying and Navigation.

BOOK KEEPING.

In the Department of Accounts this Institution is wholly unrivalled. The treatise on this subject, published by the proprietor, is everywhere acknowledged to be the best and most complete work extant, and being composed almost exclusively of sets obtained from Actual Business, presents a course of instruction such as can be secured by no other system. Books for sale, and sent by mail to any address, upon receipt of price, $3.50.

YOUNG MEN

Invited to send for circulars, or visit the College for farther information.

L. FAIRBANKS, A. M.
President.
T. E. MERCHANT, *Secretary.* may31:3m.

$23.000.000.

THE NEW SIX PER CENT.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE LOAN

FREE FROM ALL STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application to the nearest Bank or Banker; also by either of the undersigned,

JAY COOKE & CO.
DREXEL & CO.
E. W. CLARK & CO.

April 26:6m. Bankers, Philadelphia.

A SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE WITHIN A FEW MILES OF BEDFORD!

The subscribers will sell, at private sale, all that SPLENDID FARM situate in Pleasant Valley, Bedford township, five miles from Bedford, now in the occupancy of William H. Nycum, containing **10 ACRES,** more or less, about **Sixty Acres cleared** and under excellent fence, 18 acres of bottom meadow and the balance well timbered, with a splendid DOUBLE DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, and other out-buildings. A well of excellent water near the door; also, a good young Orchard.

This is an excellent opportunity to procure a GOOD FARM near Bedford, convenient to Churches and good Schools.

PRICE, $30 PER ACRE.

DURBORROW & LUTZ,
July 19:tf Real Estate Agents.

RICHARD V. LEO & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand everything in their line of manufacture.

Bureaus, Dressing Stands, Parlor and Extension Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Washstands, &c. &c.

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. They have also added to their stock,

French Cottage Suits,
Marble Top Tables,
Cane Chairs,
Sofas,
Tete-a-Tetes, &c. &c. &c.

Eastern manufacture.

Having purcased the stock and tools of Thos. Merwine, (late Wm. Stahl's) they have added the same to their manufactory.

COFFINS will also be made to order, and a HEARSE always in readiness to attend funerals.

Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞ Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

aug.23:3m RICHARD V. LEO & CO.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE CHEAP at the INQUIRER OFFICE
Nov 2, 1866

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF JUDGMENT and Promissory Notes, either with or without waiver of exemption, for sale at this office nov 2-66

ANOTHER VETO ON HIGH PRICES:

WHICH IS WORTHY OF NOTE.

You can save 25 per cent. by buying your goods of

GEO. R. & W. OSTER, Bedford, Pa.

They are now opening a choice variety of new and desirable STAPLE and FANCY

DRY GOODS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, FANCY NOTIONS, COTTON YARNS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, Brooms, Baskets, Woodenware, &c.

Look at some of their PRICES:

Best new styles DELAINS, 22, 25 cts.
CALICOES, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 cts.
GINGHAMS, 12, 15, 20, 25 cts.
MUSLINS 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 25 cts.
CASSIMERES 75, 85, $1.00 $1.15, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75.
LADIE'S 6-4 SACKINGS, $1.75. $2.00, all wool.
DRILLINGS, Pantaloon Stuffs, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40 cts.
GENTS ½ HOSE, 10, 12, 15, 20, 26, 30, 35 cts.
LADIES' HOSE, 12, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40 cts.
LADIES' SHOES as low as 90 cts.
CARPETS, 45, 60, 75, 1.25, 1.35, 1.40, 1.50.
GOOD RIO COFFEE, 25, 28; best 30 cts.
Extra Fine Oolong, Japan, Imperial and Young Hyson Teas.
SUGARS and SYRUPS, a choice assortment.
SHAD, MACKEREL and HERRING, choice fat fish.

We invite all to call and see for themselves. A busy store and increasing trade a telling FACT that their low prices are popular.

TERMS CASH, unless otherwise specified.

May 24, 1867.-3m.

DENTISTRY! DENTISTRY!

A Beautiful Set of Teeth for

TEN DOLLARS!

DR. H. VIRGIL PORTER,
(LATE OF NEW YORK CITY,)

DENTIST,

Would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has located permanently in BLOODY RUN, where he may be found at all times prepared to insert from one tooth to a full set of his BEAUTIFUL ARTIFICIAL TEETH on new and improved atmospheric principles.

The *TRIUMPH OF MECHANICAL DENTISTRY RUBBER* for the basis of artificial teeth.

This discovery which has met with such universal approval throughout this and other countries, has seemingly placed *ARTIFICIAL TEETH* at the disposal of all who require them. *DR. PORTER* is now inserting the most *BEAUTIFUL* and *DURABLE* at prices ranging from

Ten to Eighteen Dollars

per set. Temporary sets inserted if desired. All operation warranted.

☞ Teeth extracted without pain by the use of *NITROUS OXIDE or LAUGHING GAS.*

This is no humbug, but a positive fact. Gas administered fresh every day. As the Gas administered by Dr. Porter is prepared in accordance with the purifying method of Dr. Strong, of New Haven, Ct., and Prof. Silliman (late Professor of Chemistry in Yale College) he has no hesitation in asserting that it is attended with no danger whatever. Persons desiring the services of a Dentist would promote their own interest by calling upon Dr. Porter, as he is determined to spare no effort to please the most fastidious. Dr. Porter's mode of operating will at all times be of the mildest character, avoiding the infliction of the slightest unnecessary pain, and carefully adapted to the age, constitution, health and nervous condition of the patient.

☞ Special attention is invited to Dr. Porter's scientific method of preserving decayed and aching teeth. Teeth blackened and diseased, cleansed to appear beautiful and white.

H. VIRGIL PORTER,
Dentist.

Bloody Run, Penn'a., March 28, 1867.-1y.

TRIUMPH IN DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,

By the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and is attended with no danger whatever.

TEMPORARY SETS

inserted if called for. Special attention will be made to diseased gums and a cure warranted or no charge made.

TEETH FILLED

to last for life, and all work in the dental line done to the entire satisfaction of all or the money refunded. Prices shall correspond with the times.

I have located permanently in Bedford, and shall visit Schellsburgh the 1st Monday of each month, remaining one week; Bloody Run the 3d Monday, remaining one week; the balance of my time I can be found at my office 3 doors South of the Court House, Bedford, Pa.

WM. W. VAN ORMER.
Nov. 23, 1866. Dentist.

DENTISTRY.

I. N. BOWSER, RESIDENT DENTIST, WOODBERRY, Pa., visits Bloody Run three days of each month, commencing with the second Tuesday of the month. Prepared to perform all Dental operations with which he may be favored. *Terms within the reach of all and strictly cash except by special contract.* Work to be sent by mail or otherwise, must be paid for when impressions are taken. aug5, '64:tf.

NO MORE BALD HEADS!
NO MORE GRAY LOCKS

Dr. LEONS'

ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,

Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the Hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a Hair Dressing it has no equal. The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZIEGLER & SMITH, SOLE PROPRIETORS,
Nov. 16,'67-1yr. 137 North Third St., Phila.

GLOBE WOOLEN FACTORY.—20,000 LBS. OF WOOL WANTED.—The proprietor of this well established institution returns his thanks to his numerous customers for their former patronage, and begs to assure them that he is now better prepared than ever to accommodate them. His machinery, which is abundant, is in excellent order, and he can card and spin for customers on the shortest notice, at 25 cents per pound, and he is prepared to do all kinds of manufacturing. Mr. Ullery will wait upon our former customers throughout the county and afford them an opportunity to exchange their wool for goods. At least 20,000 lbs. of good wool is anxiously desired. Please give us a call if convenient, if not, "wait for the wagon."

May 24-3m. JOHN KEAGY.

BLOODY RUN
MARBLE WORKS.

R. H. SIPES having established a manufactory of Monuments, Tomb-stones, Table-Tops, Counter-slabs, &c., at Bloody Run, Bedford co., Pa. and having on hand a well selected stock of foreign and American Marble, is prepared to fill all orders promptly and do work in a neat and workmanlike style, and on the most reasonable terms. All work warranted, and jobs delivered to all parts of this and adjoining counties without extra charge. ap19:1y.

$20,00 AGENTS WANTED — $100,00— Male and Female, to introduce our NEW PATENT, STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. It is adapted for family use and Tailoring. It makes a stitch alike on both sides. Price only TWENTY DOLLARS. Extraordinary inducements to Agents. For full particulars address DUMONT & WILSON,
630 ARCH Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
July12:3m

☞ Wedding Cards, Business Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, and all kind of Mercantile Blanks, neatly and expeditiously executed at the INQUIRER Job Office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

London Quarterly Review (Conservative)
Edinburgh Review (Whig.)
Westminster Review (Radical).
North British Review (Free-Church).

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory)

These foreign periodicals are regularly republished by us in the same style as heretofore. Those who know them and who have long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years has deprived of their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never have met them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

TERMS FOR 1867.

	per annum
For any one of the Reviews	$4.00
For any two of the Reviews	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine	4.00 "
For Blackwood and any one Review	7.00